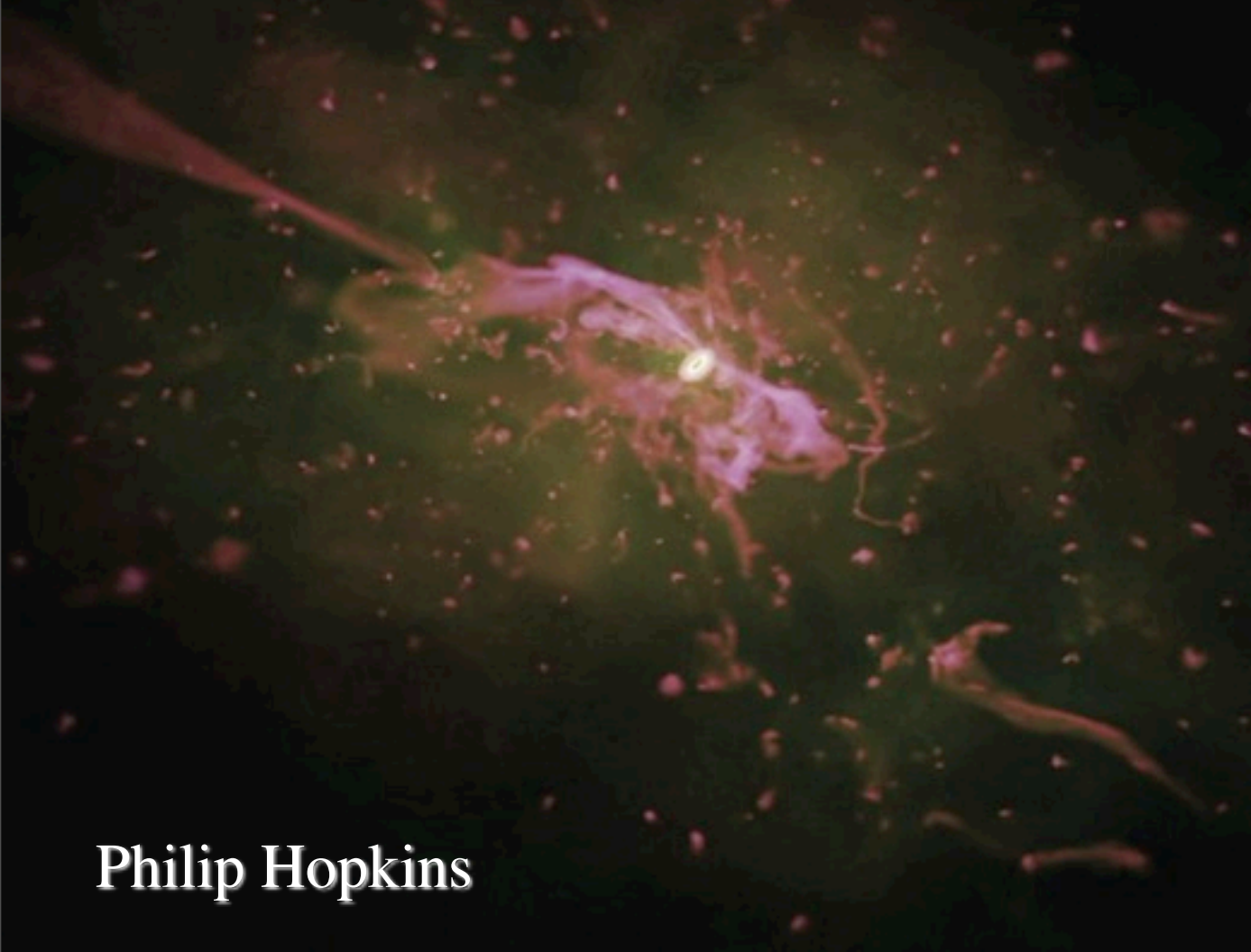


Feedback-Regulated Star Formation (Stellar & AGN Feedback: Now with Physics!)



Philip Hopkins

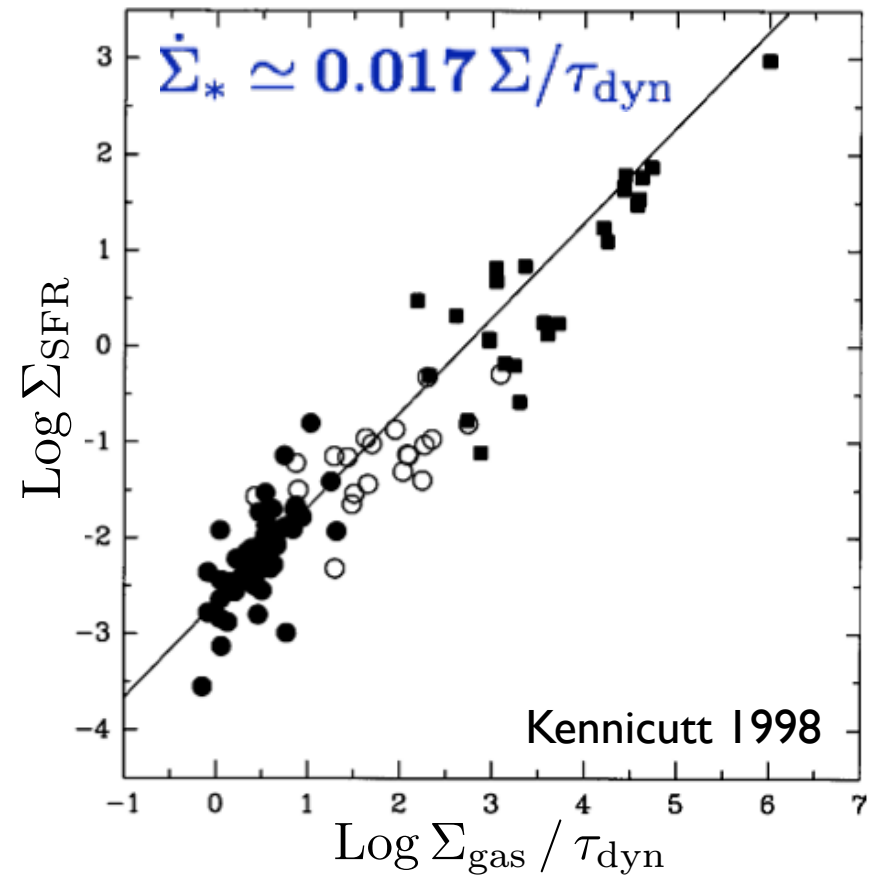
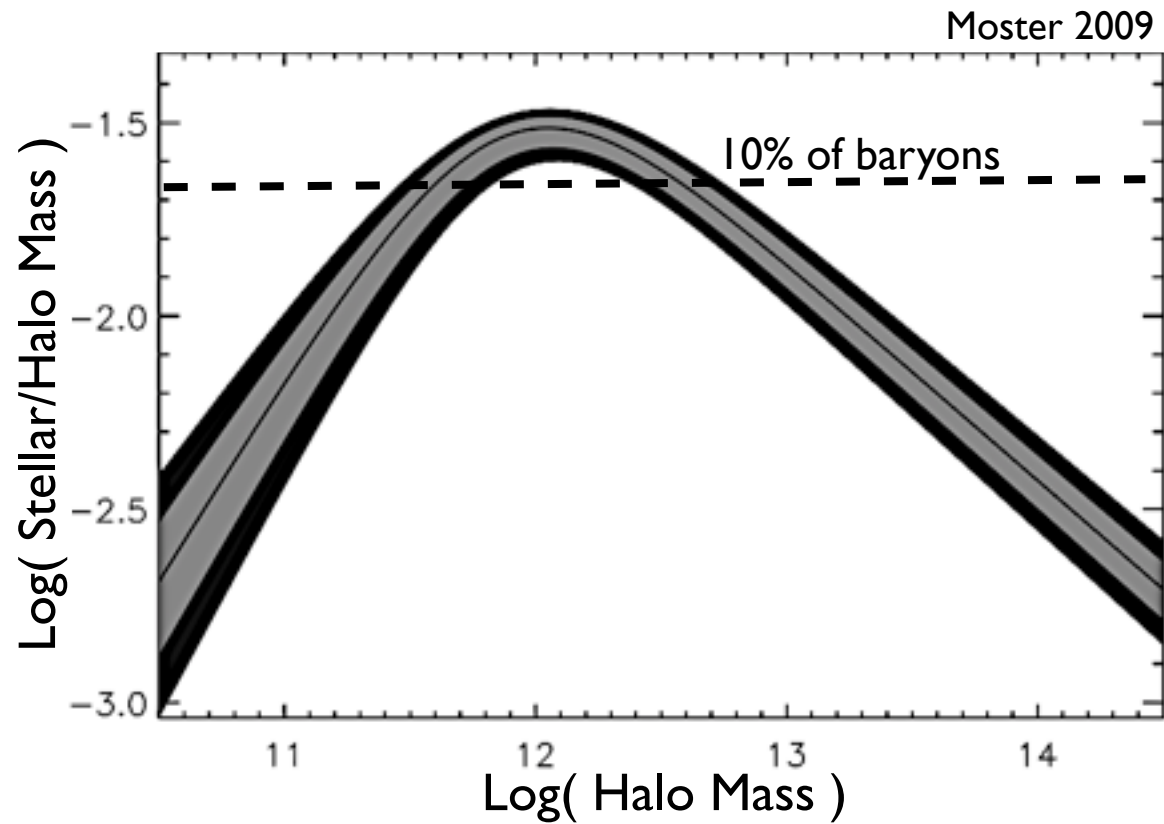
Norm Murray, Eliot Quataert,
Lars Hernquist, Todd Thompson, Dusan Keres, Chris Hayward, Stijn Wuyts,
Kevin Bundy, Desika Narayanan, Ryan Hickox, Rachel Somerville, & more





Friday, August 12, 2011

Q: WHY IS STAR FORMATION SO INEFFICIENT?



A: Stellar Feedback!

SO WHAT'S THE PROBLEM?

- Standard (in Galaxy Formation):
Couple SNe energy
as “heating”/thermal energy

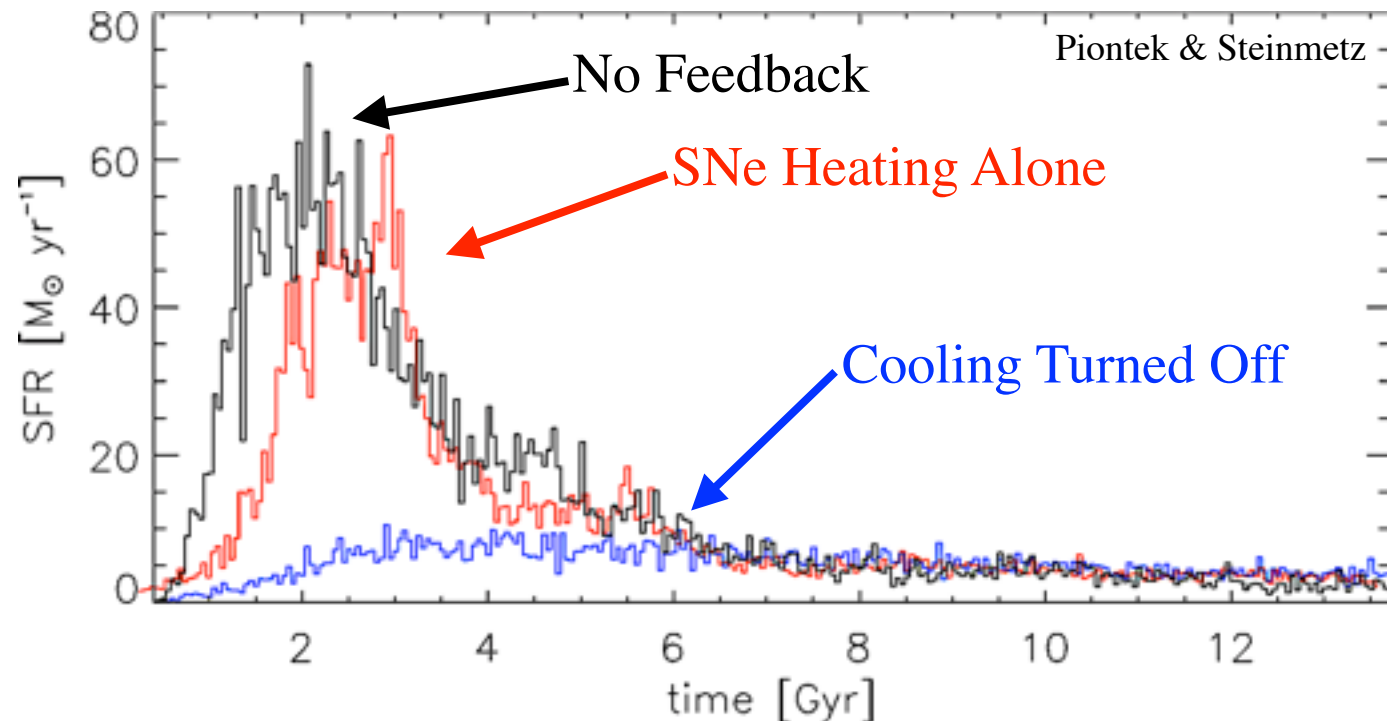
➤ FAILS:

$$t_{\text{cool}} \sim 4000 \text{ yr} \left(\frac{n}{\text{cm}^{-3}} \right)^{-1}$$

$$t_{\text{dyn}} \sim 10^8 \text{ yr} \left(\frac{n}{\text{cm}^{-3}} \right)^{-1/2}$$

➤ “Cheat”:

- Turn off cooling
- Force wind by hand
(‘kick’ out of galaxy)



make really ~1
min

Stellar Feedback: How Can We Do Better?



Stellar Feedback: How Can We Do Better?

- High-resolution ($\sim 1\text{pc}$), molecular cooling ($<100\text{ K}$), SF only at highest densities ($n_{\text{H}} > 1000\text{ cm}^{-3}$)



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➤ *Explicit* Momentum Flux:

- Radiation Pressure

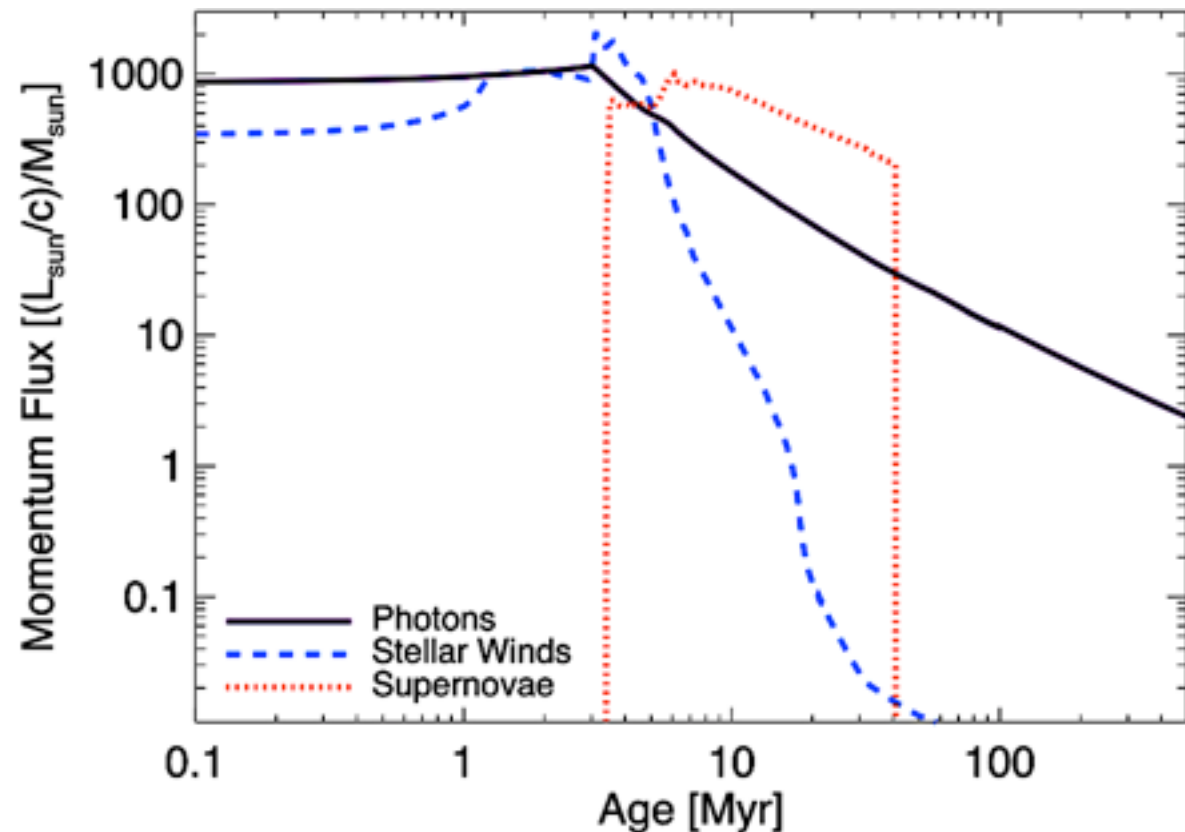
$$\dot{P}_{\text{rad}} \sim \frac{L}{c} (1 + \tau_{\text{IR}})$$

- SNe

$$\dot{P}_{\text{SNe}} \sim \dot{E}_{\text{SNe}} v_{\text{ejecta}}^{-1}$$


- Stellar Winds

$$\dot{P}_{\text{W}} \sim \dot{M} v_{\text{wind}}$$



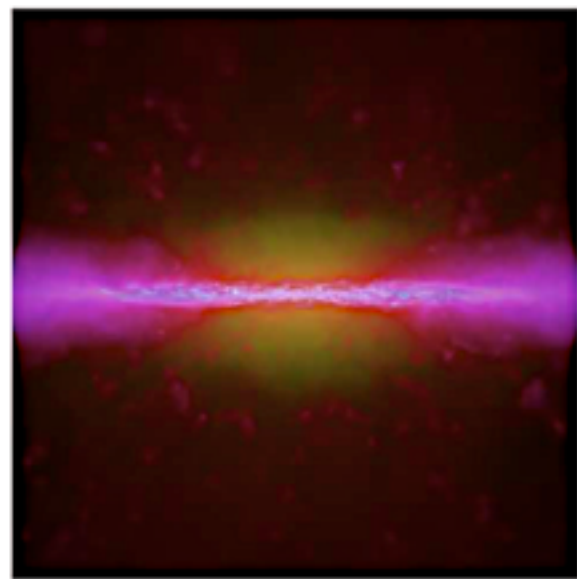
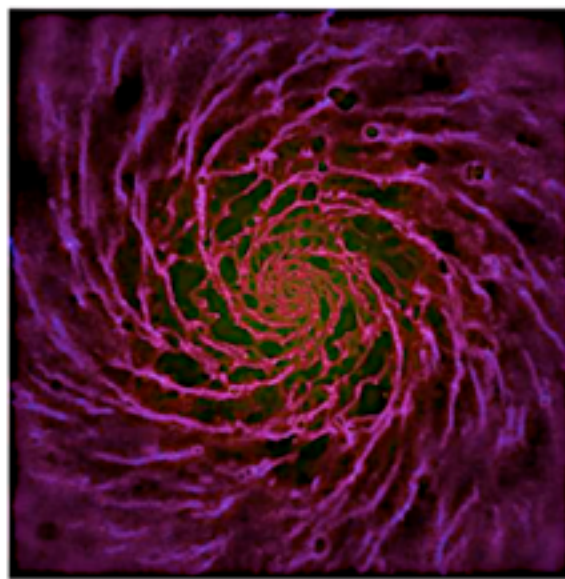
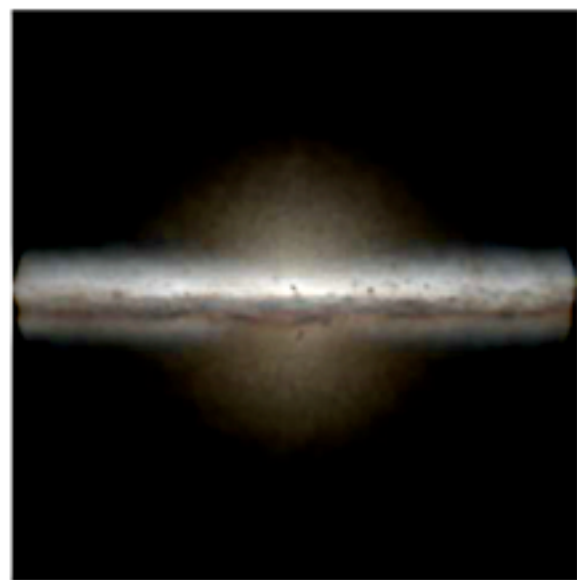
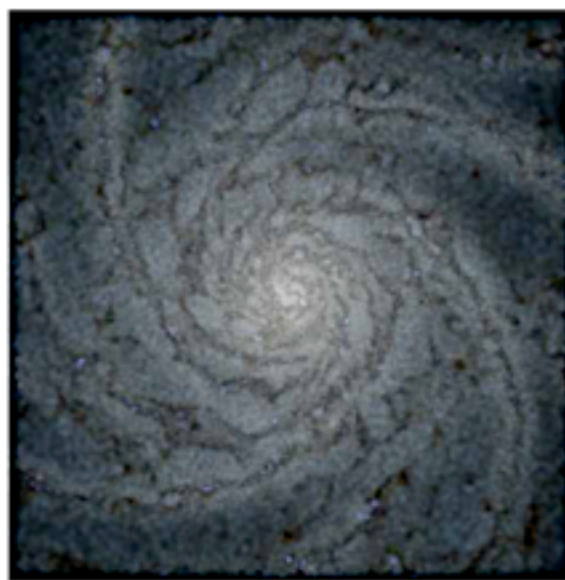
0 Myr

Gas

1 pc




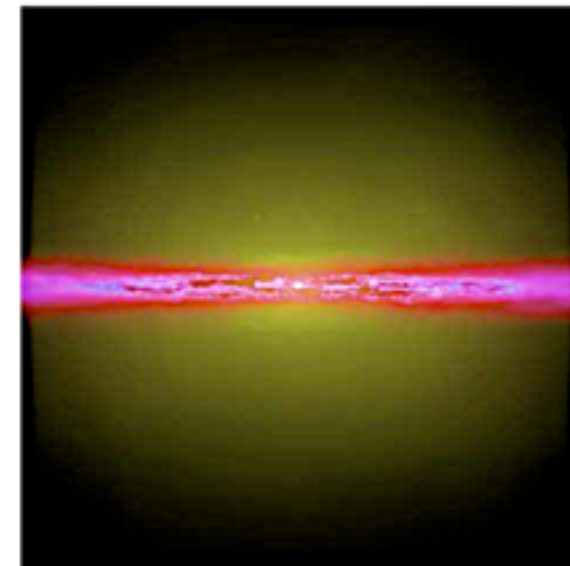
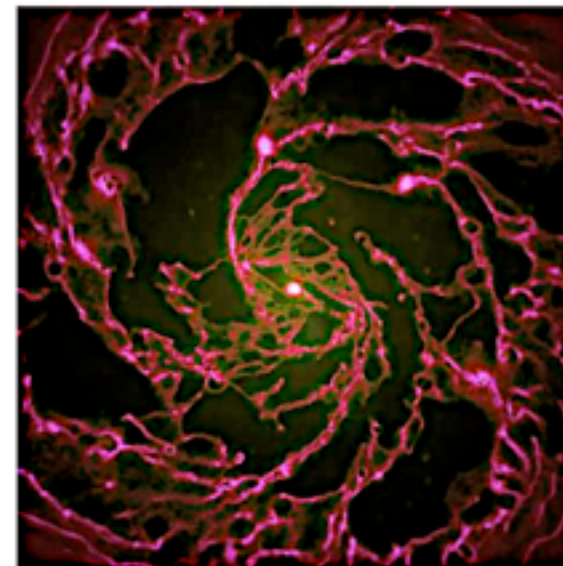
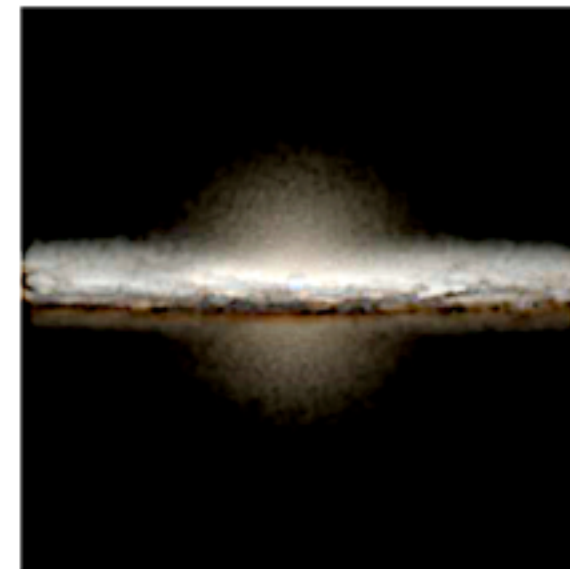
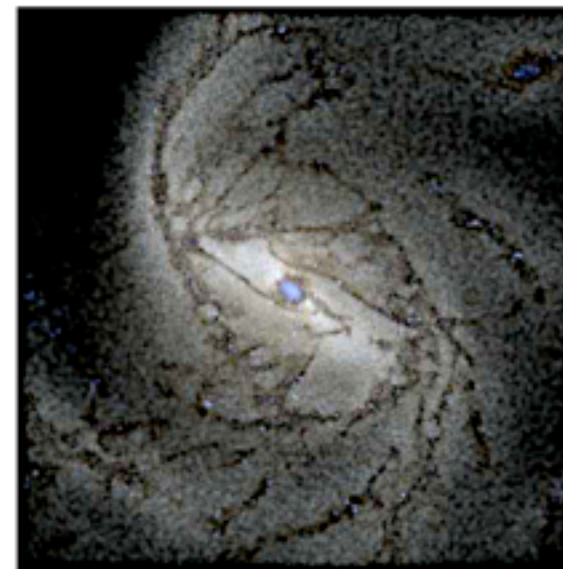
Spiral Galaxy M101 Spitzer Space Telescope • Hubble Space Telescope
NASA / JPL-Caltech / ESA / CXC / STScI

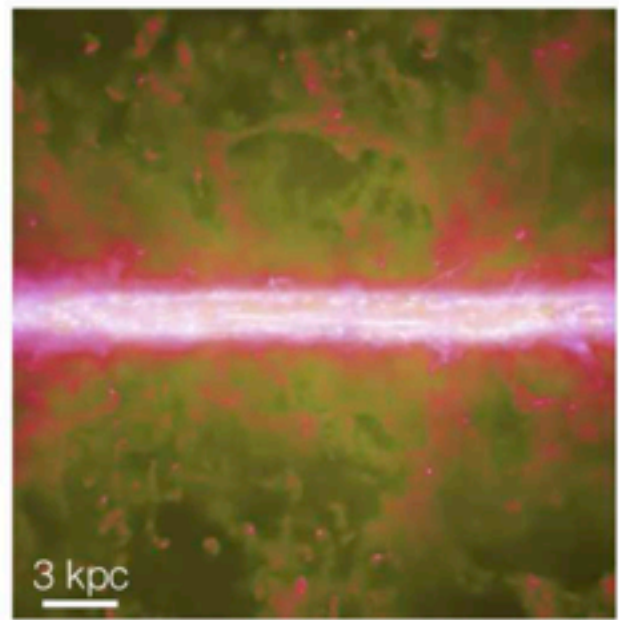
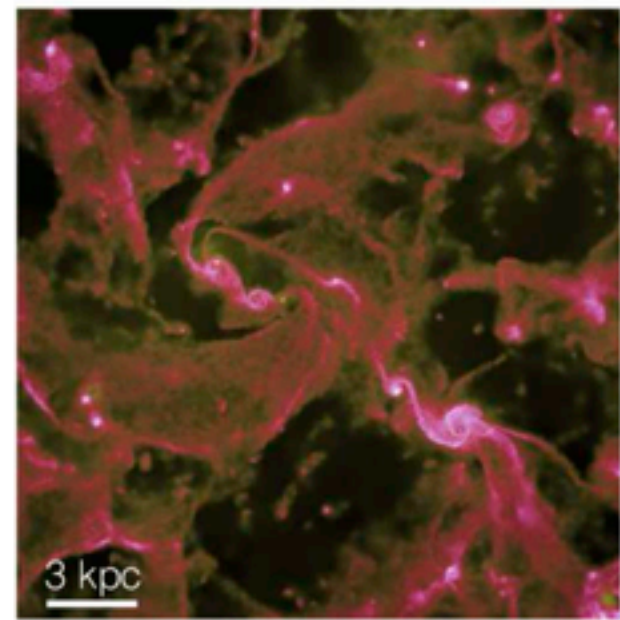
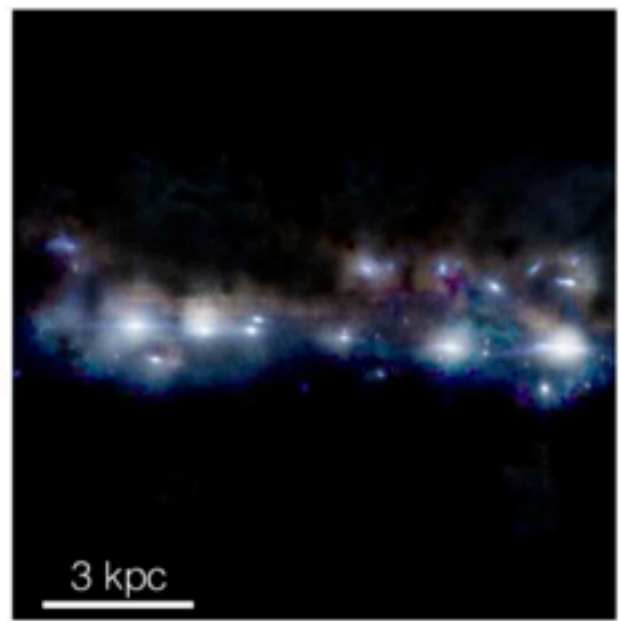
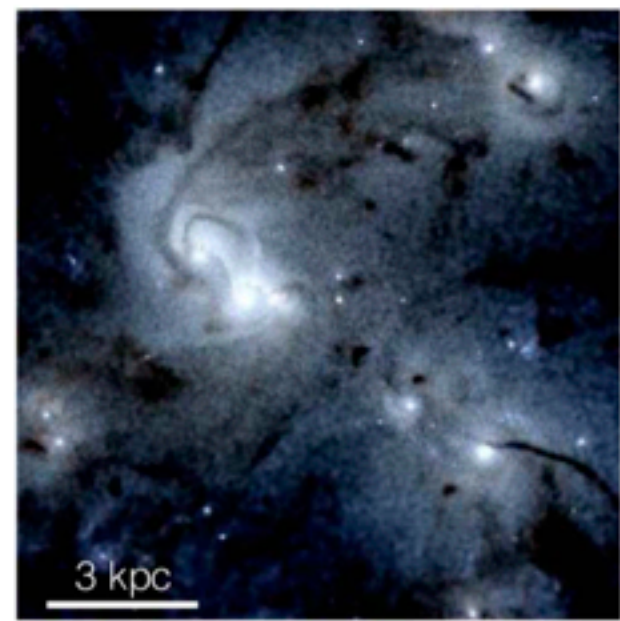
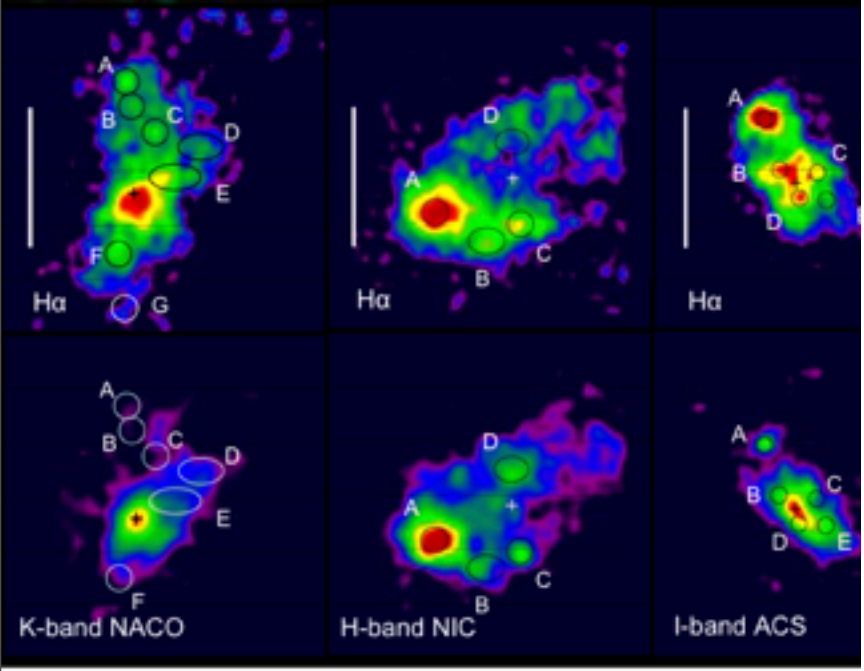
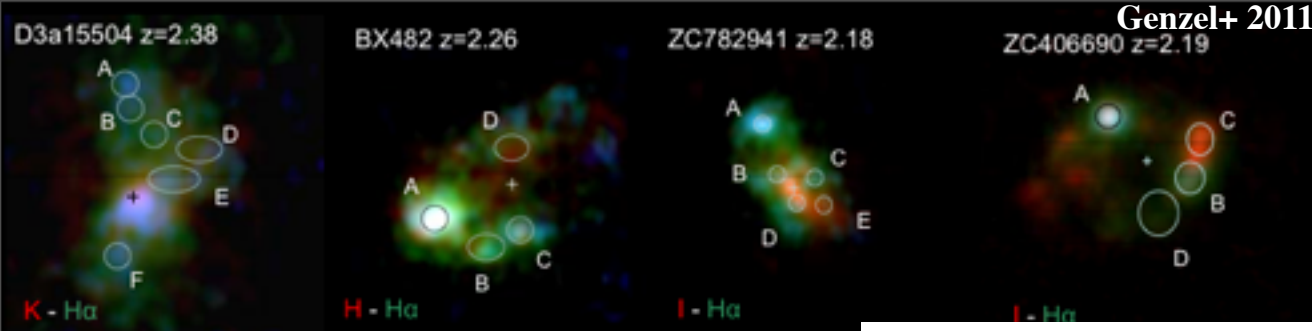


Hopkins, Quataert, & Murray, in prep

Friday, August 12, 2011

NGC 1097 (Spitzer)

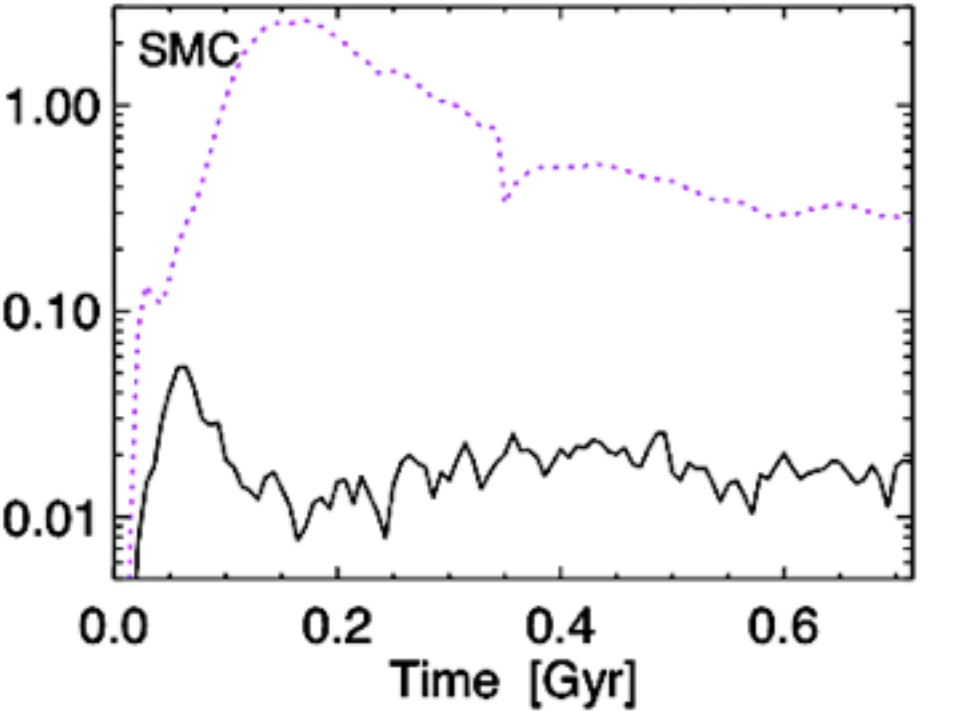
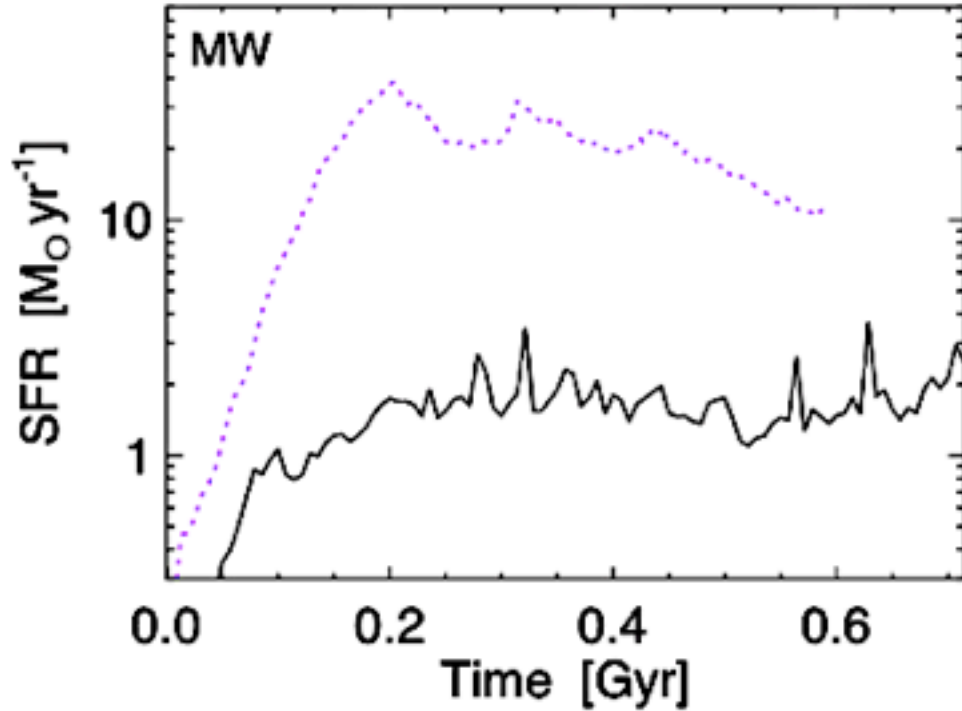
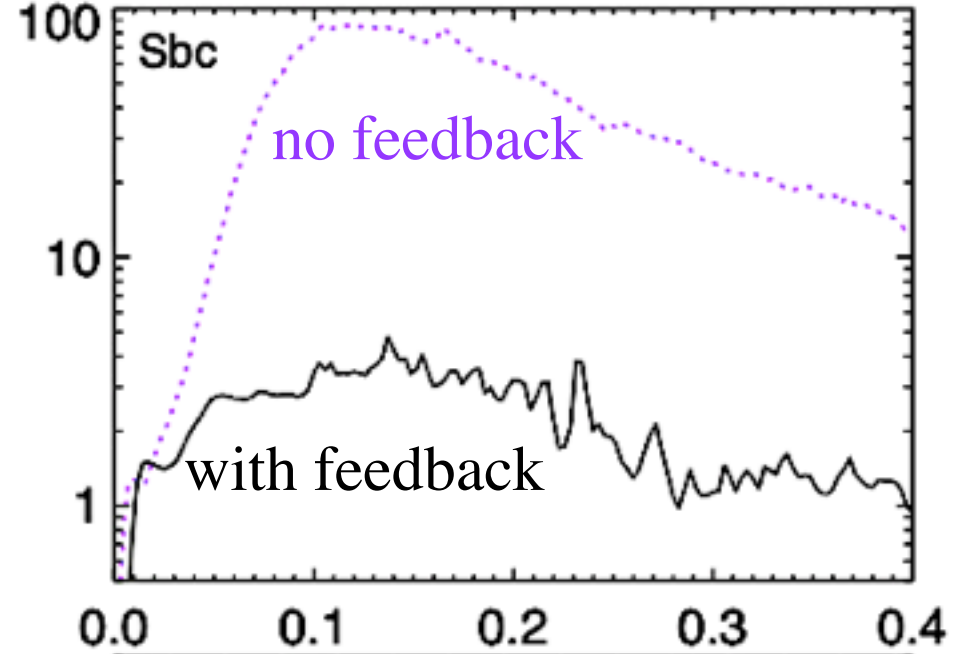
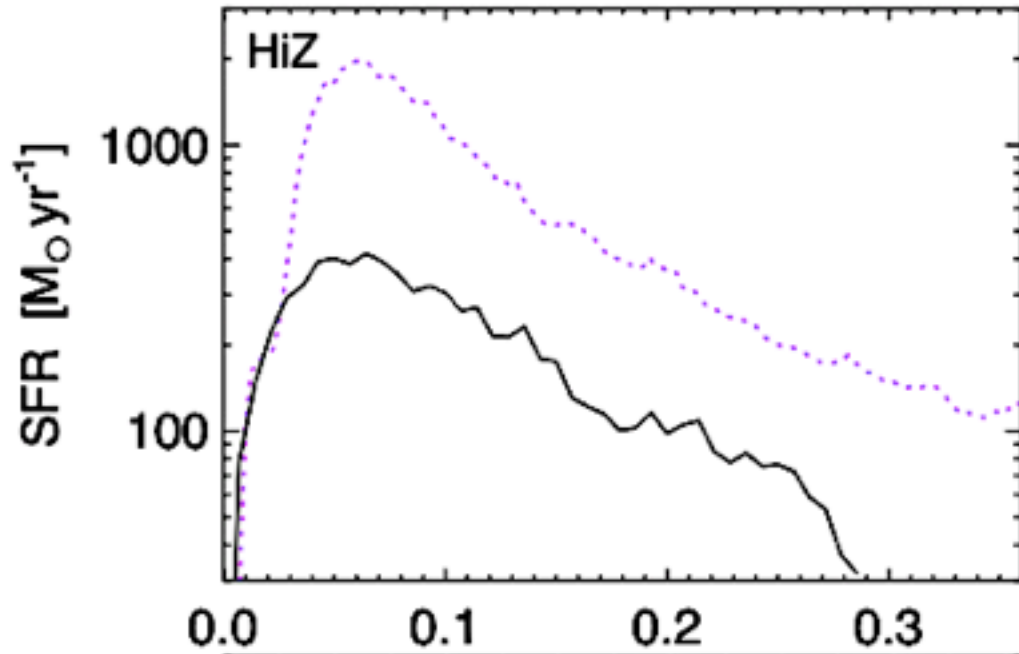




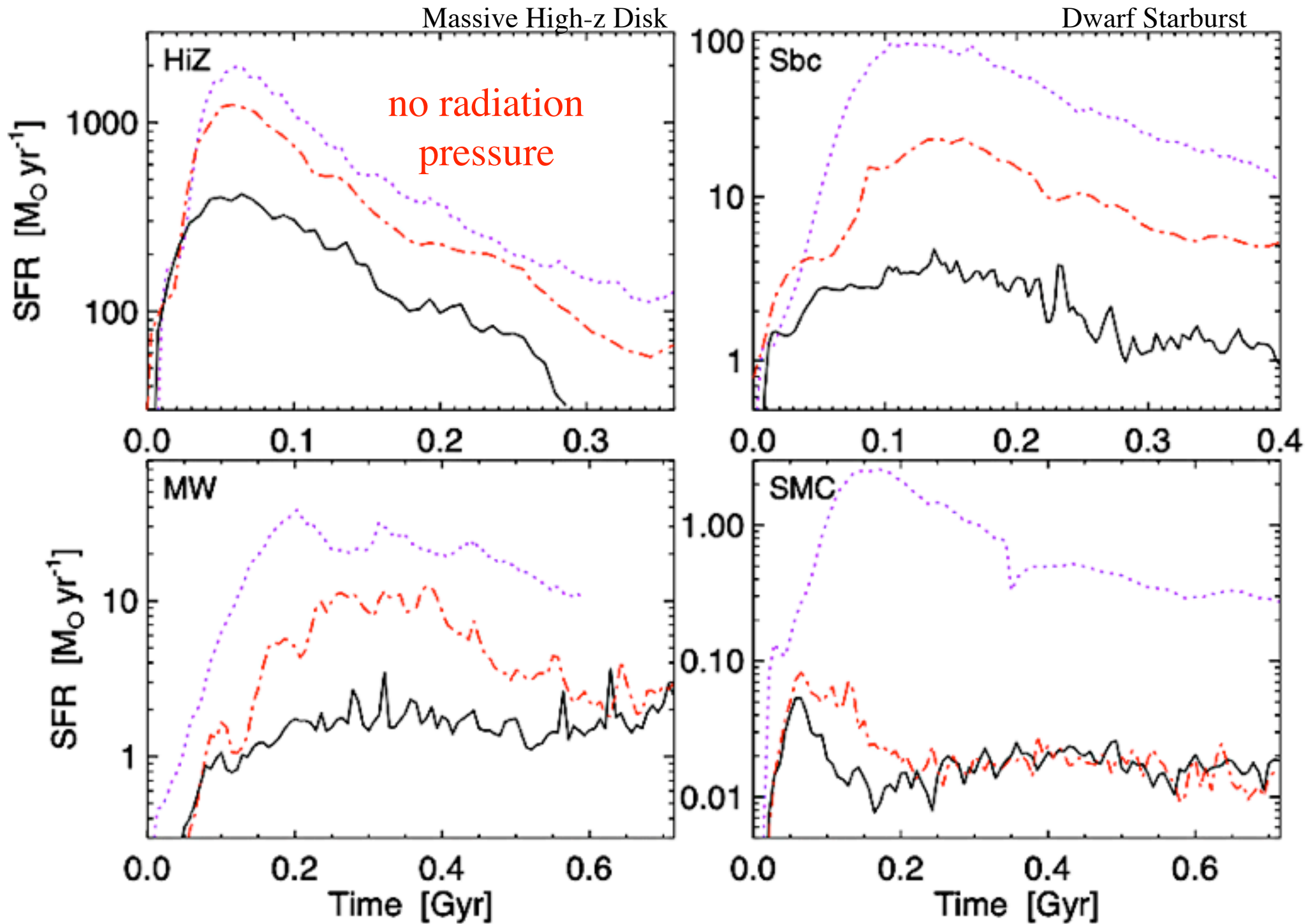
Stellar Feedback gives Self-Regulated Star Formation

Massive High-z Disk

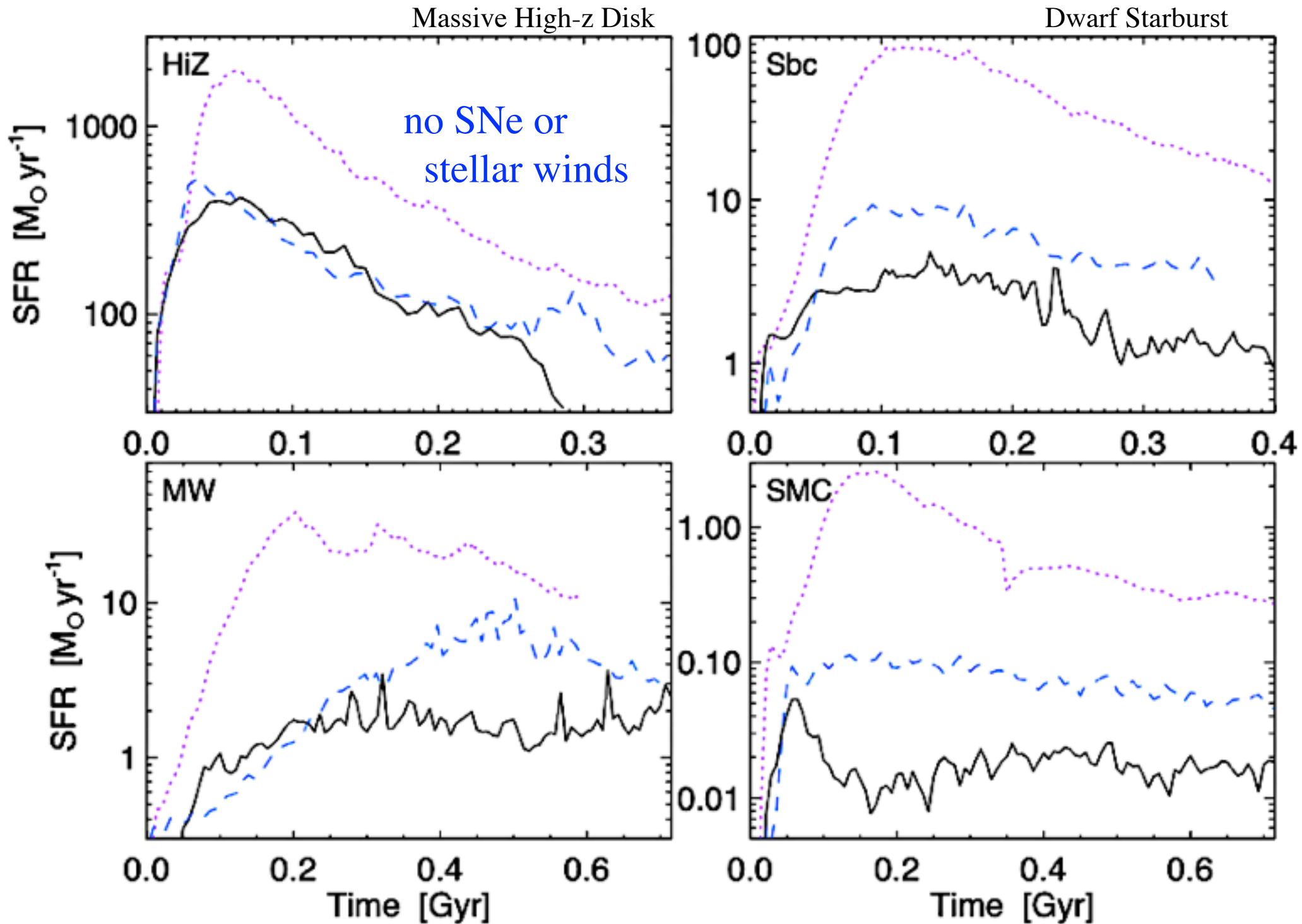
Dwarf Starburst



Stellar Feedback gives Self-Regulated Star Formation



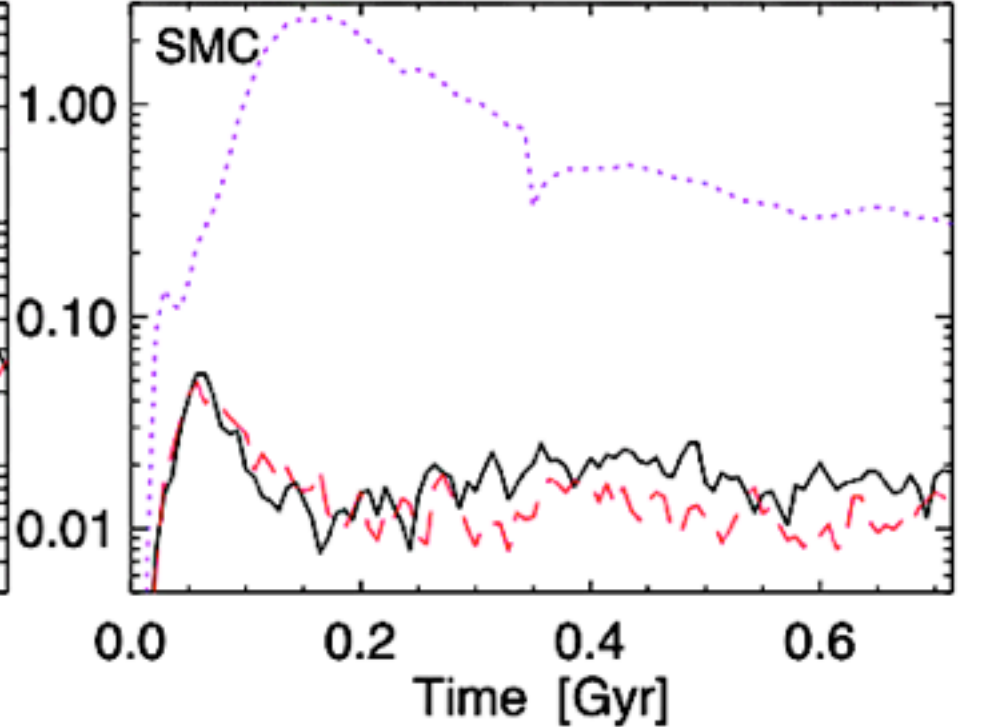
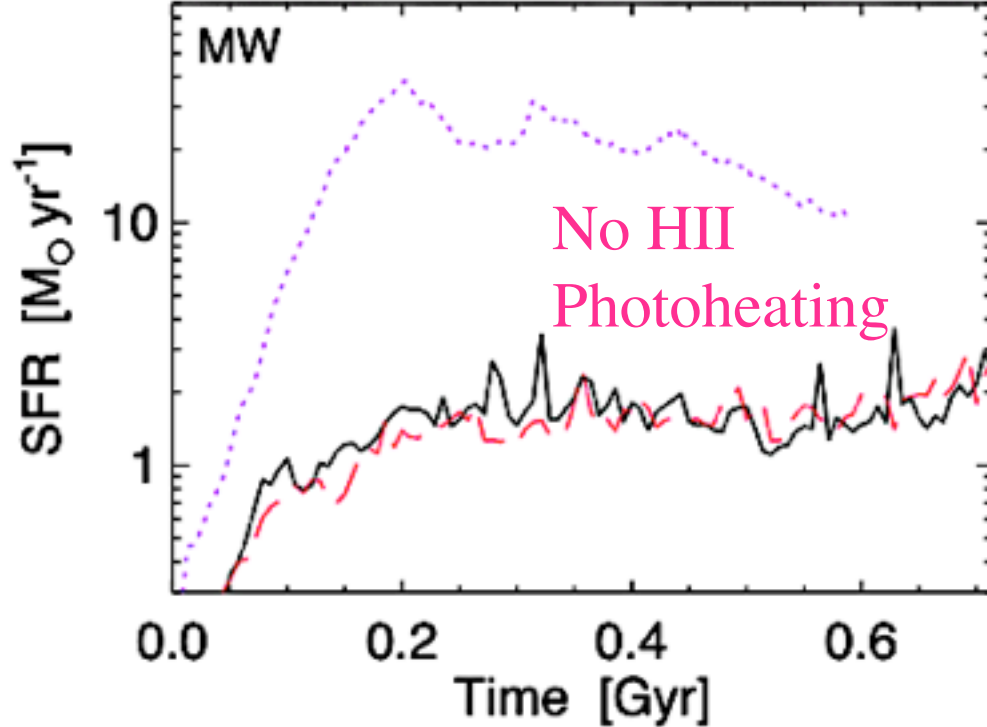
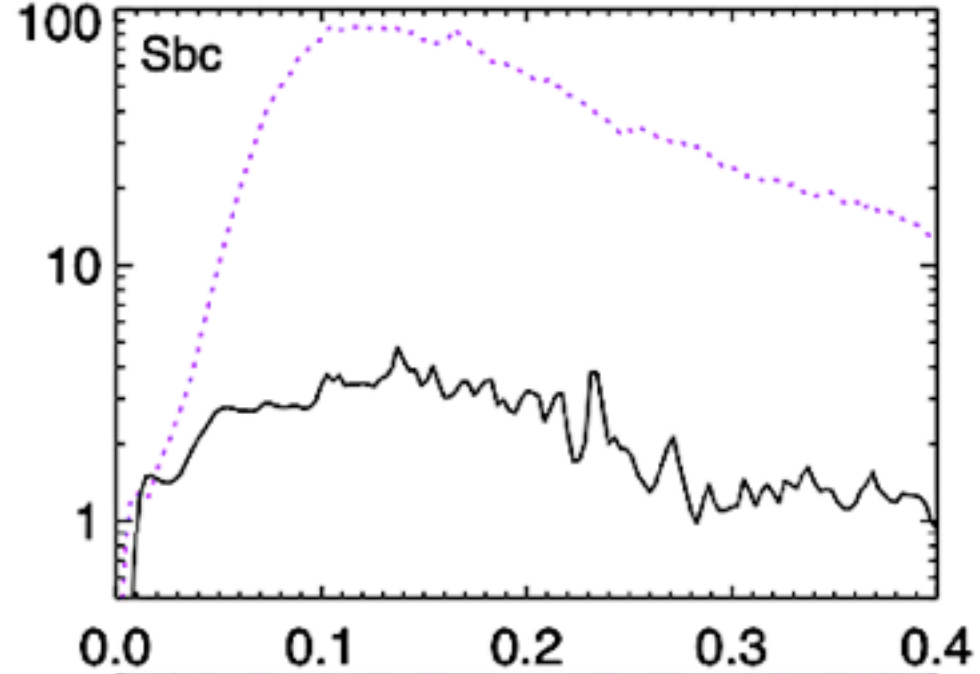
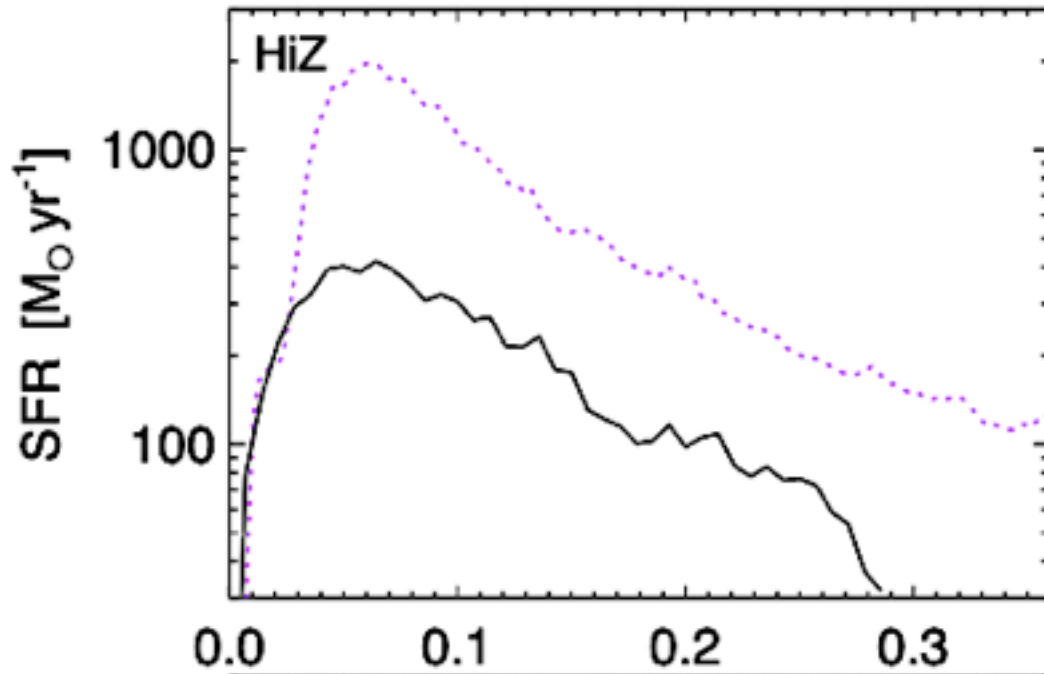
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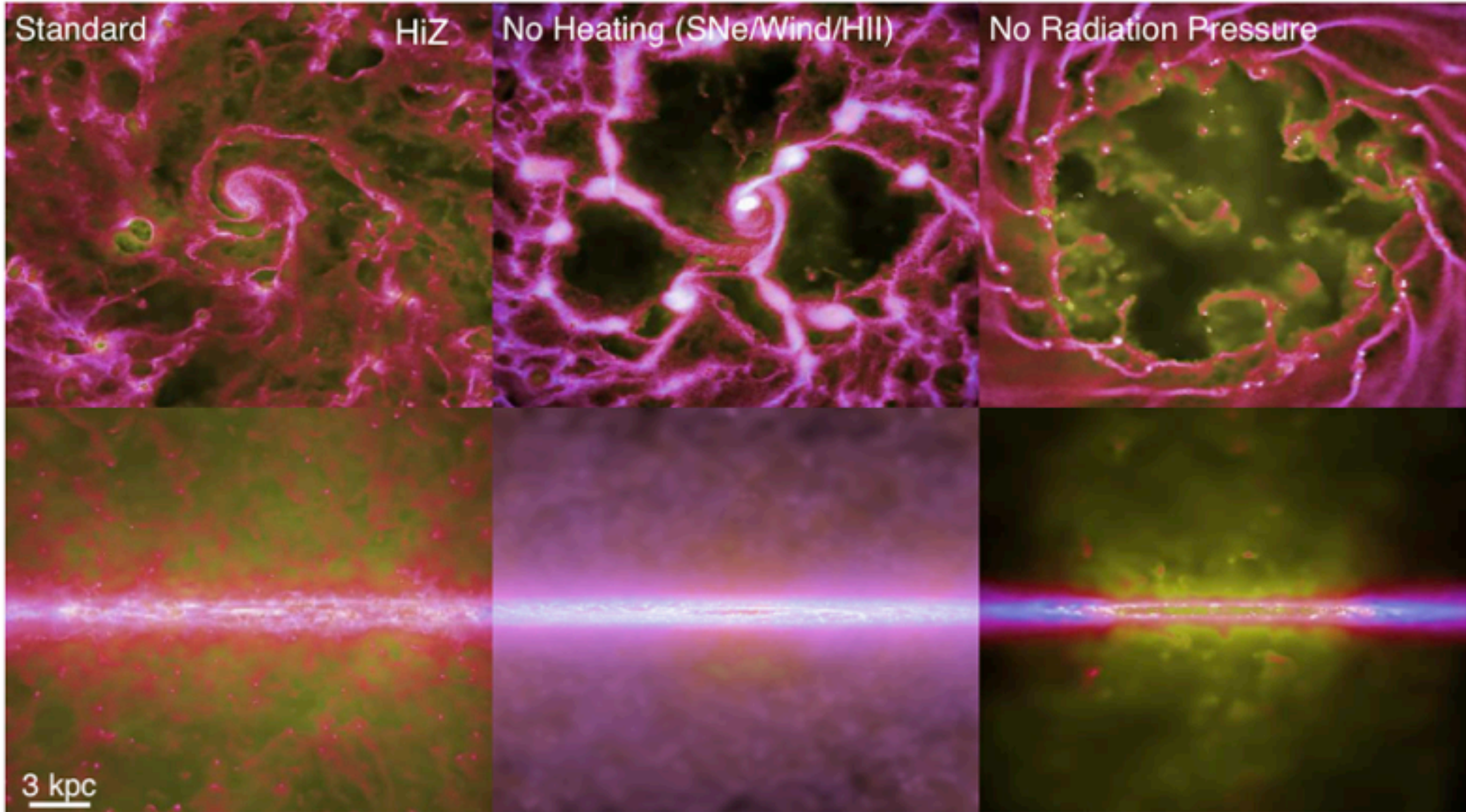
Massive High-z Disk

Dwarf Starburst



Stellar Feedback & Self-Regulation

WHICH MECHANISMS MATTER?



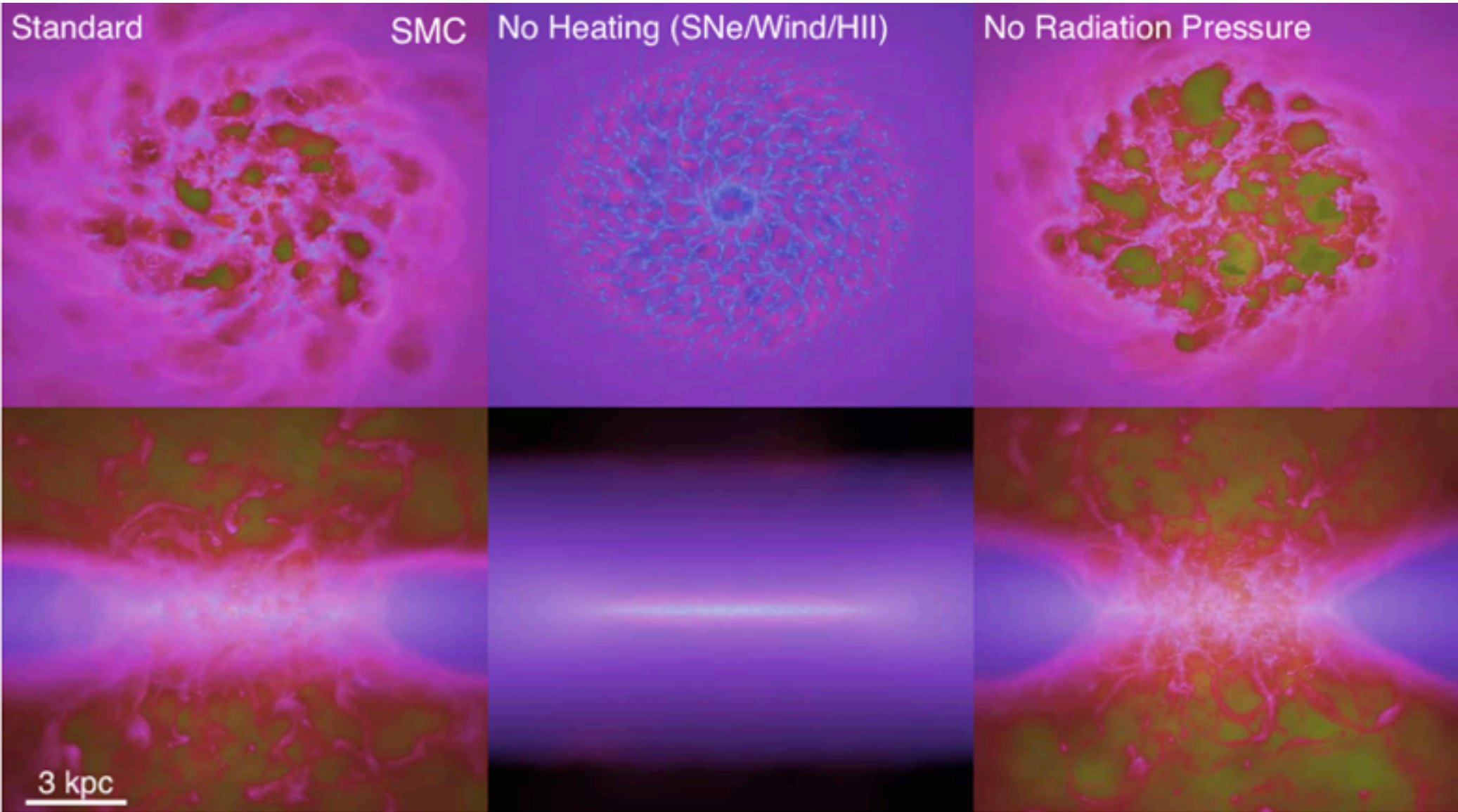
➤ SFR $\sim 100+ M_{\text{sun}}/\text{yr}$
($L \sim L_{\text{EDD}}$)

➤ Optically thick

➤ $\langle n \rangle \sim 100 \text{ cm}^{-3}$
 $T_{\text{cool}} \sim 1000 \text{ yr}$

Stellar Feedback & Self-Regulation

WHICH MECHANISMS MATTER?

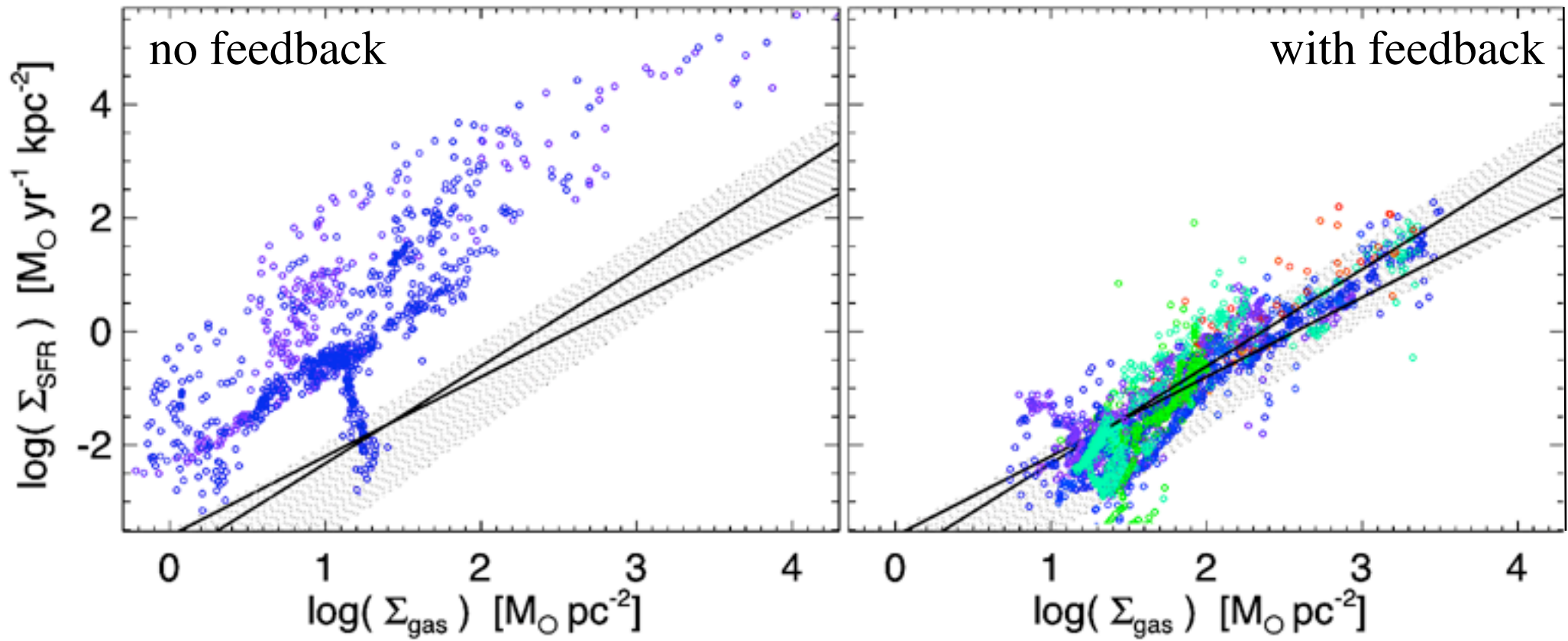


➤ $\text{SFR} \sim 0.01 M_{\text{sun}}/\text{yr}$
($L \ll L_{\text{EDD}}$)

➤ Optically thin

➤ $\langle n \rangle \sim 0.1 \text{ cm}^{-3}$
 $T_{\text{cool}} \sim \text{Myr}$

Kennicutt-Schmidt relation emerges naturally

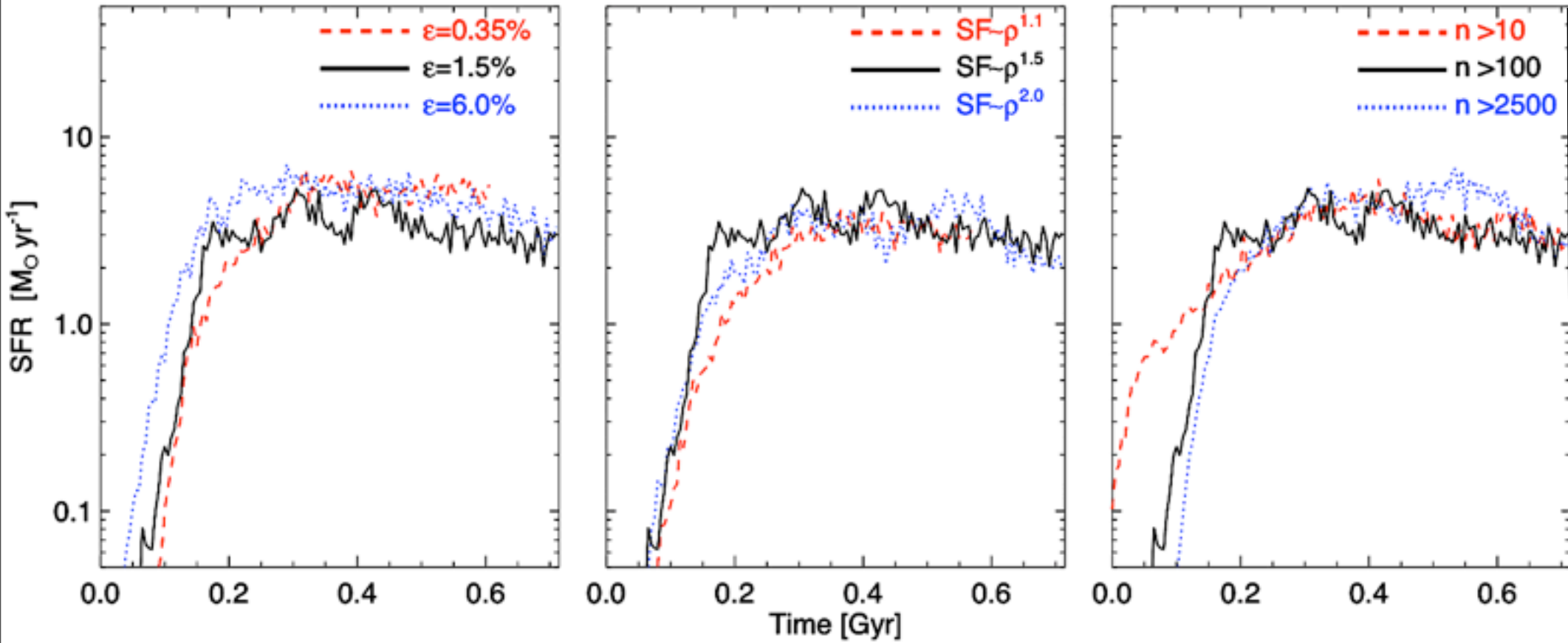


Global Star Formation Rates are *INDEPENDENT* of High-Density SF Law

Efficiency (SF per t_{dyn})

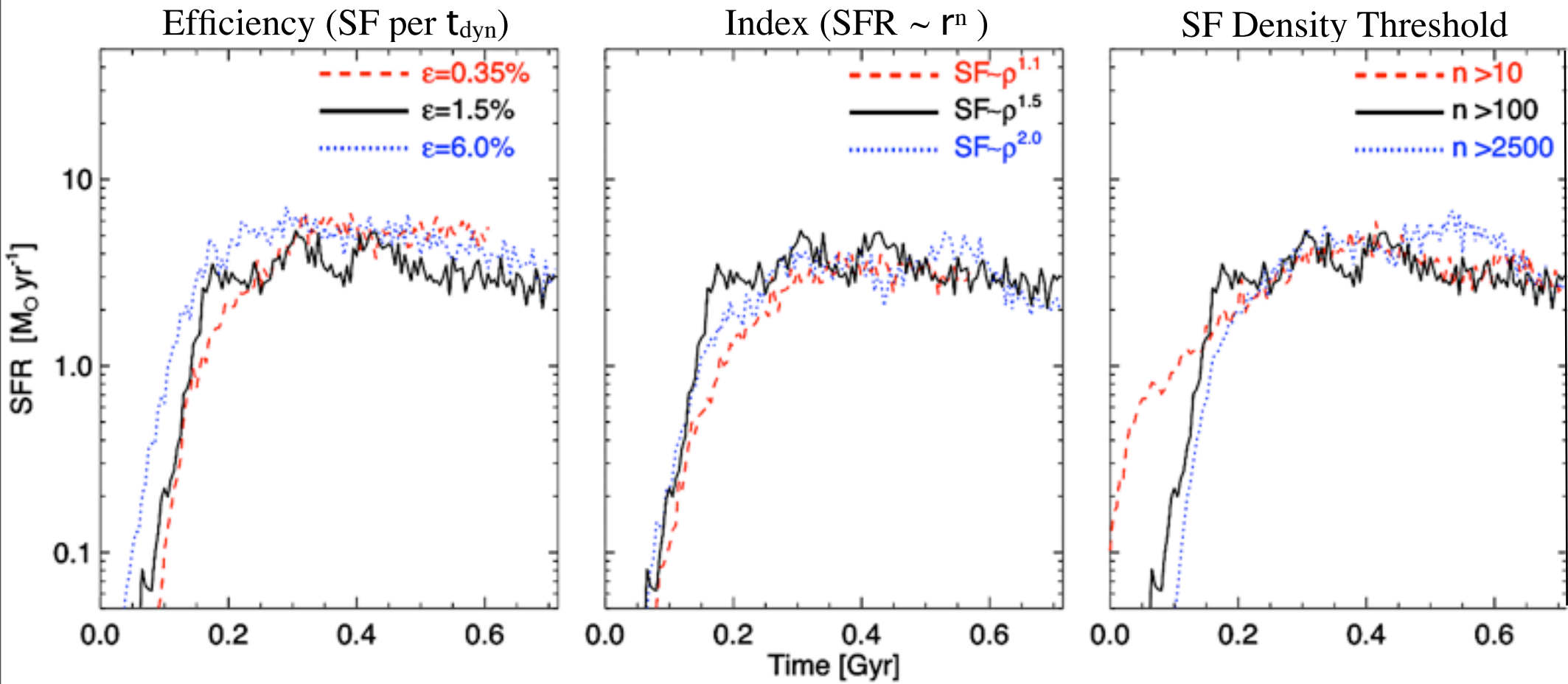
Index (SFR $\sim r^n$)

SF Density Threshold



Hopkins, Quataert, & Murray 2011
also Saitoh et al. 2008

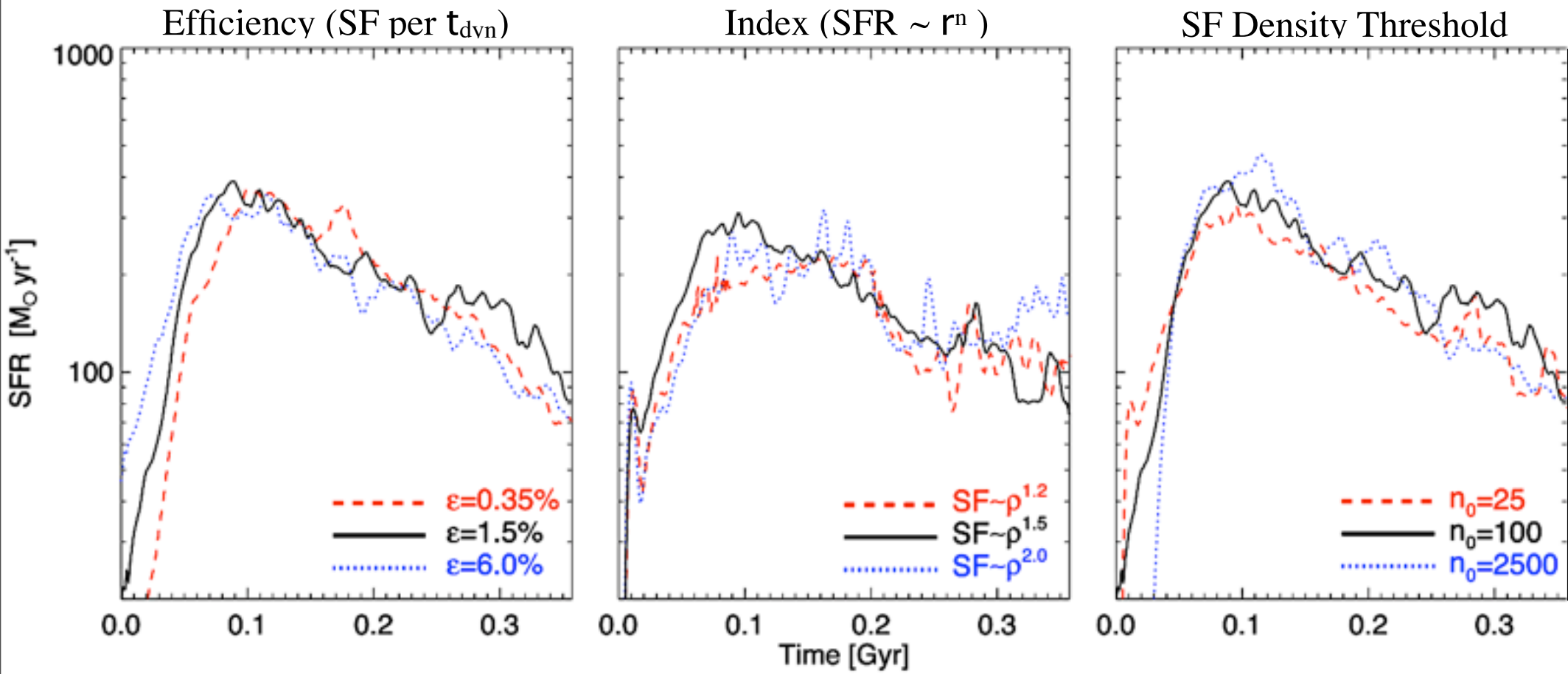
Global Star Formation Rates are *INDEPENDENT* of High-Density SF Law



- Set by feedback (i.e. SFR) needed to maintain marginal stability

Hopkins, Quataert, & Murray 2011
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Global Star Formation Rates are *INDEPENDENT* of High-Density SF Law

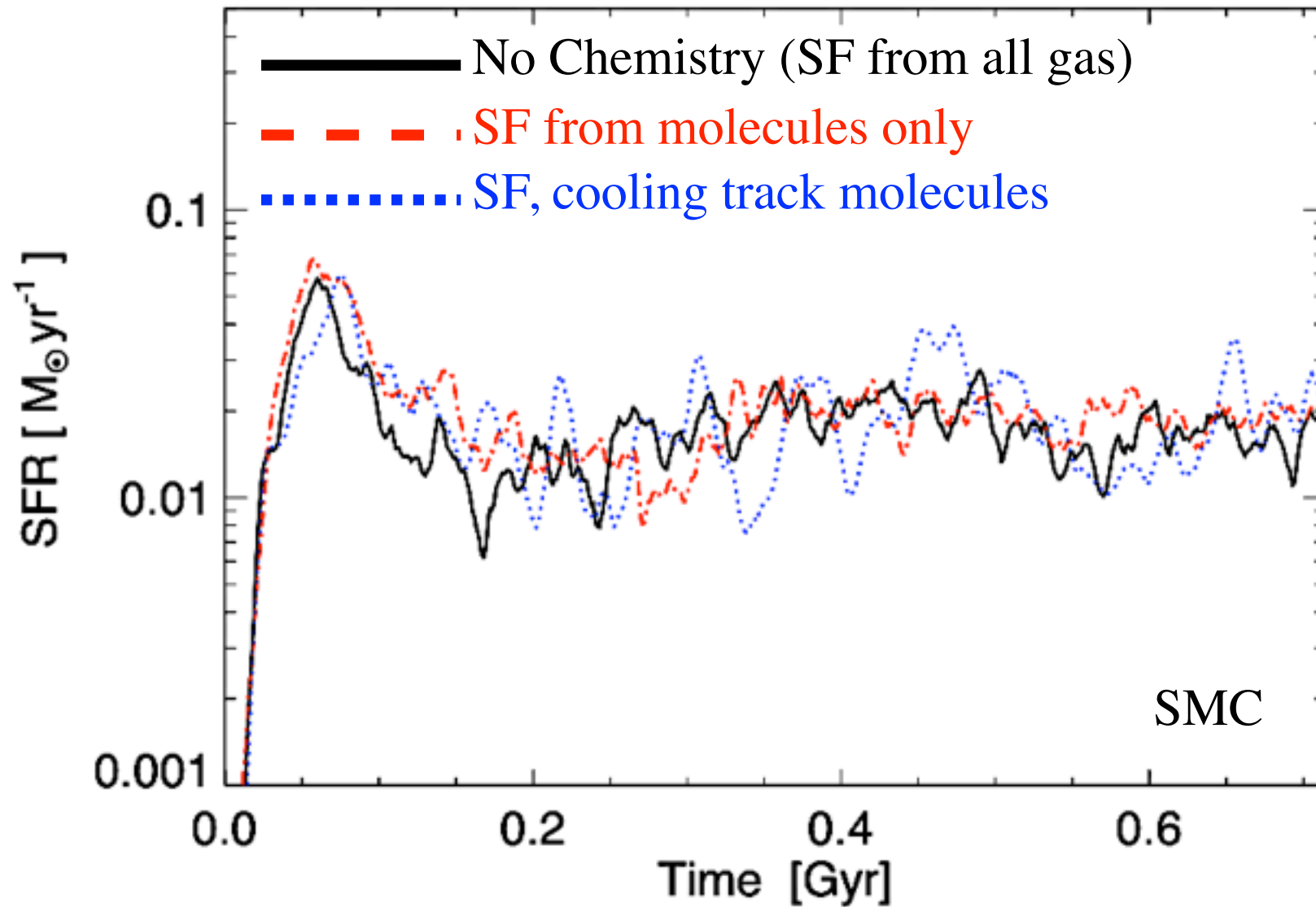


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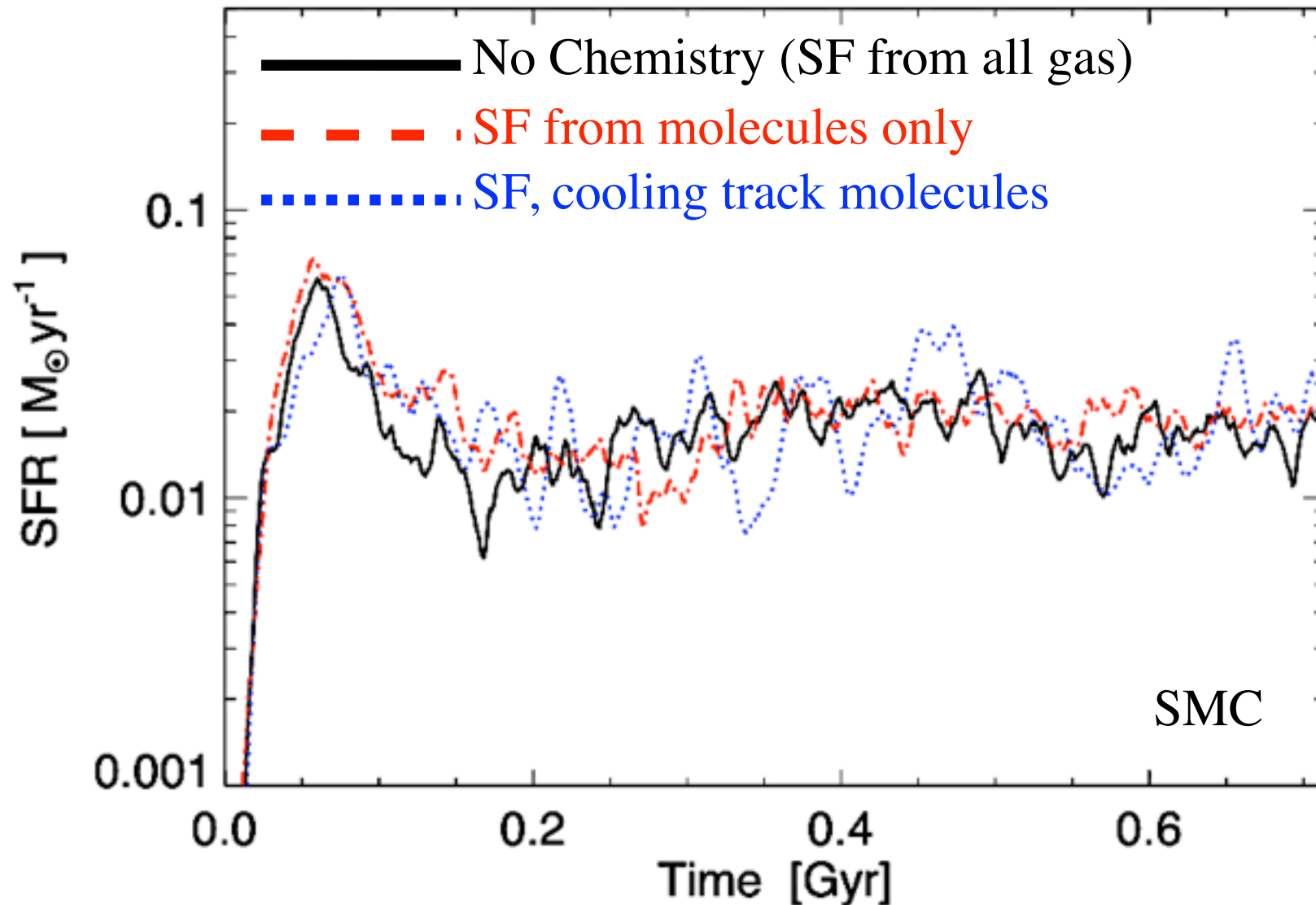
Molecular Chemistry doesn't change things above modest Metallicity

MOLECULES ARE A *TRACER*



Molecular Chemistry doesn't change things above modest Metallicity

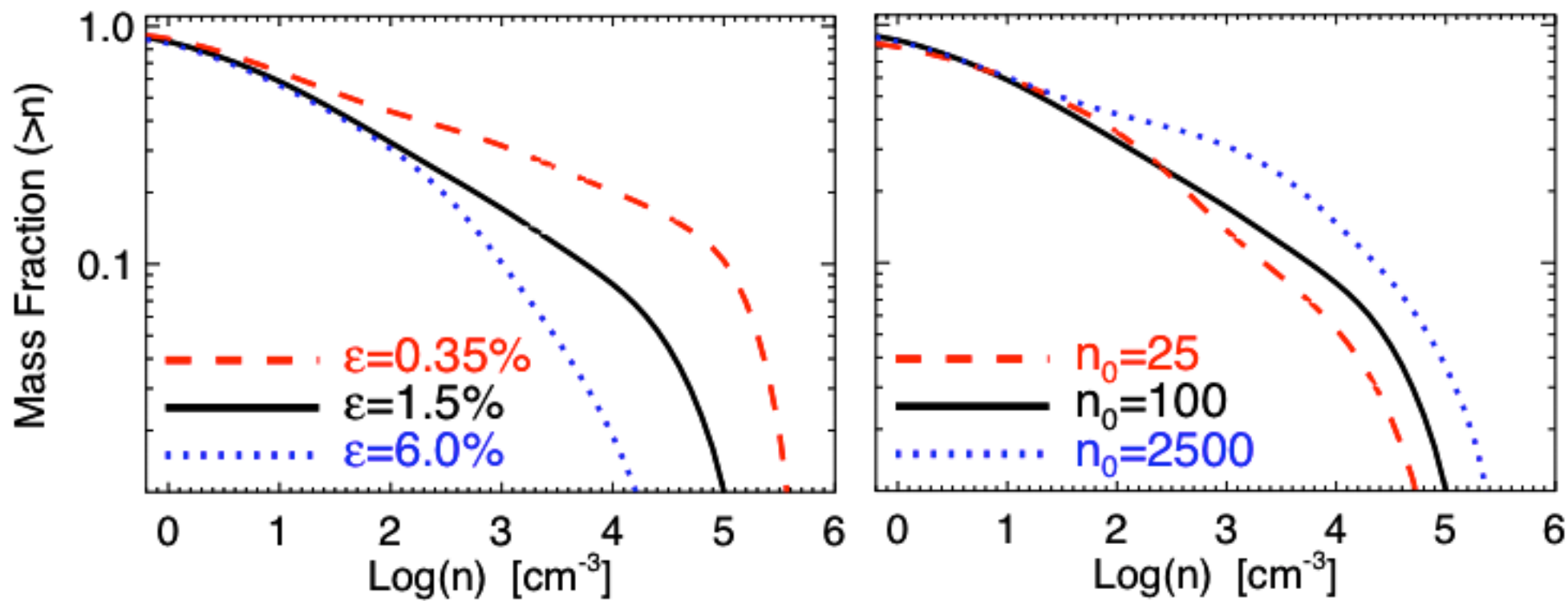
MOLECULES ARE A *TRACER*



➤ Just need *some* cooling channel: changes at $M_{\text{gal}} < 10^6 M_{\text{sun}}$, $Z < 0.01 Z_{\text{sun}}$

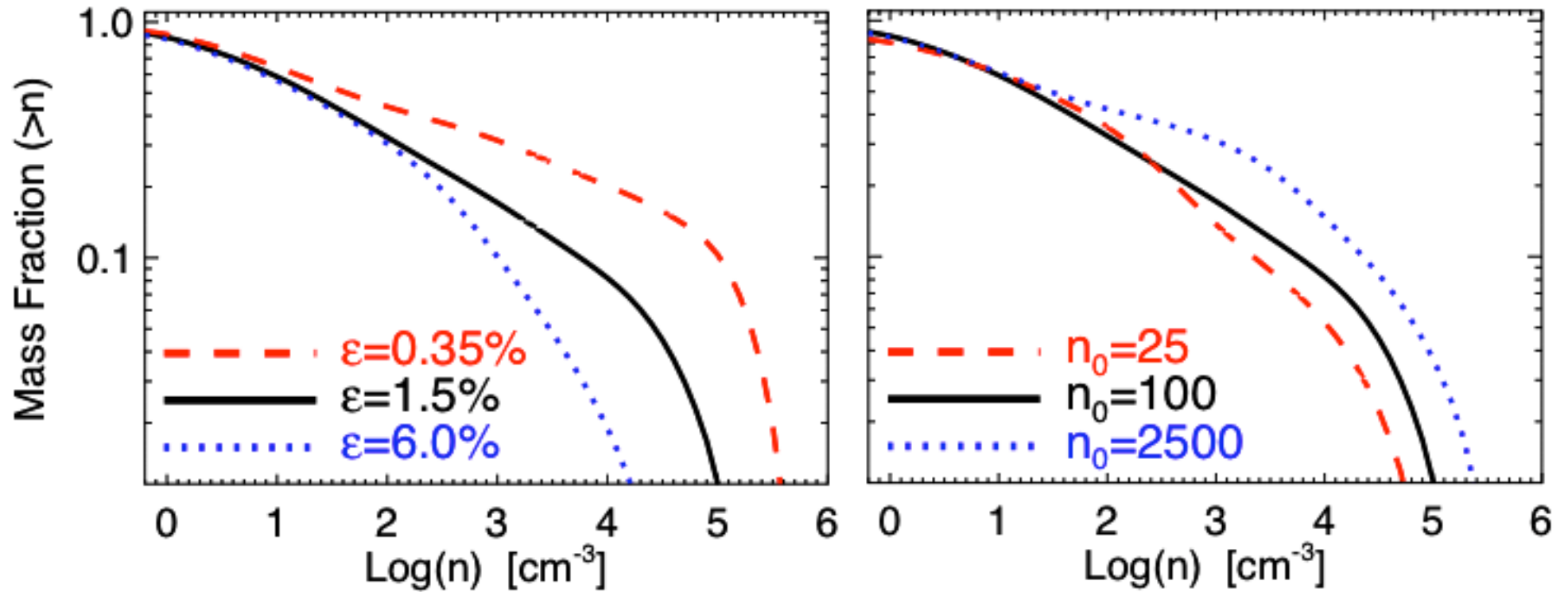
How Does Star Formation Self-Regulate?

SELF-ADJUST THE MASS IN *DENSE* GAS



How Does Star Formation Self-Regulate?

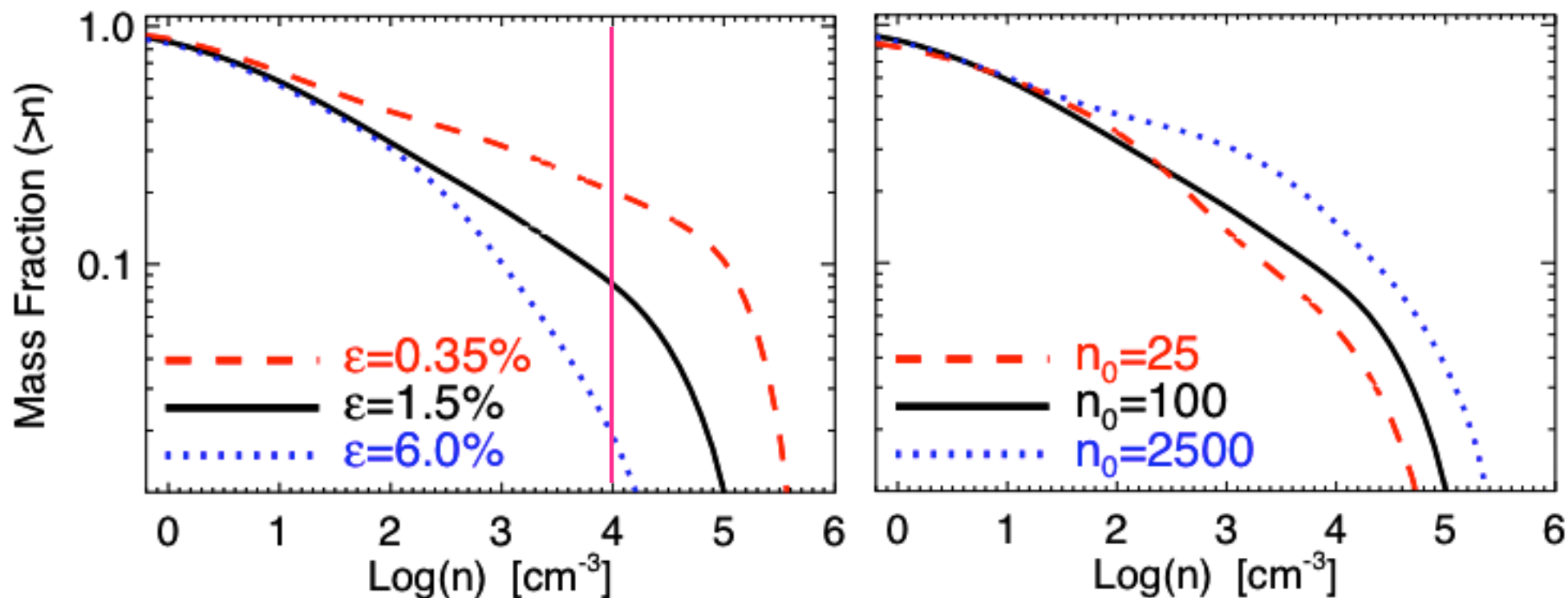
SELF-ADJUST THE MASS IN *DENSE* GAS



- Need net momentum injection $dP/dt \sim L/c \sim \text{SFR}$
to cancel dissipation $\sim M_{\text{gas}} S_{\text{disk}} W$ and maintain $Q \sim 1$

How Does Star Formation Self-Regulate?

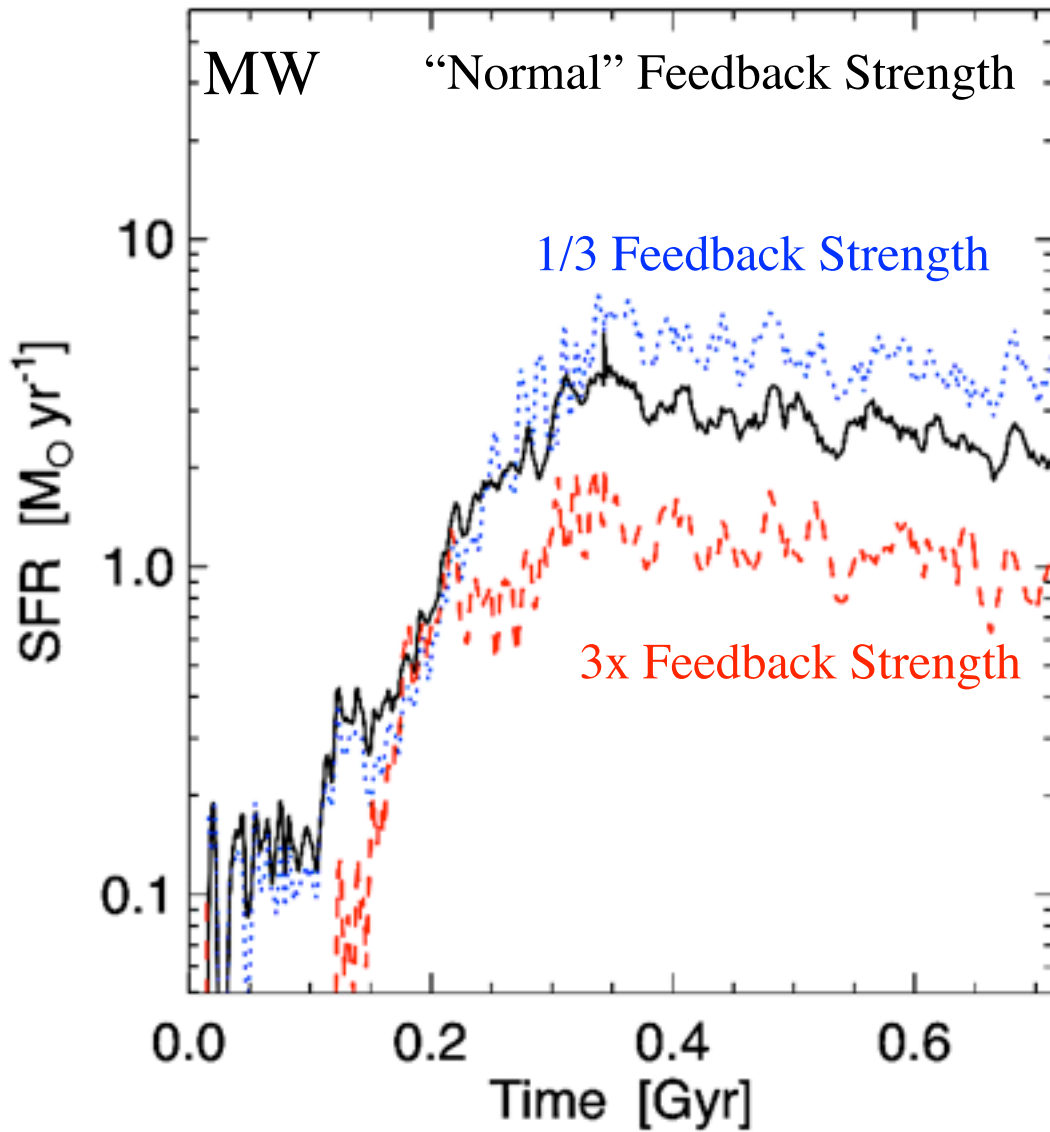
SELF-ADJUST THE MASS IN *DENSE* GAS



- Need net momentum injection $dP/dt \sim L/c \sim \text{SFR}$
to cancel dissipation $\sim M_{\text{gas}} S_{\text{disk}} W$ and maintain $Q \sim 1$
- Not just top-down collapse

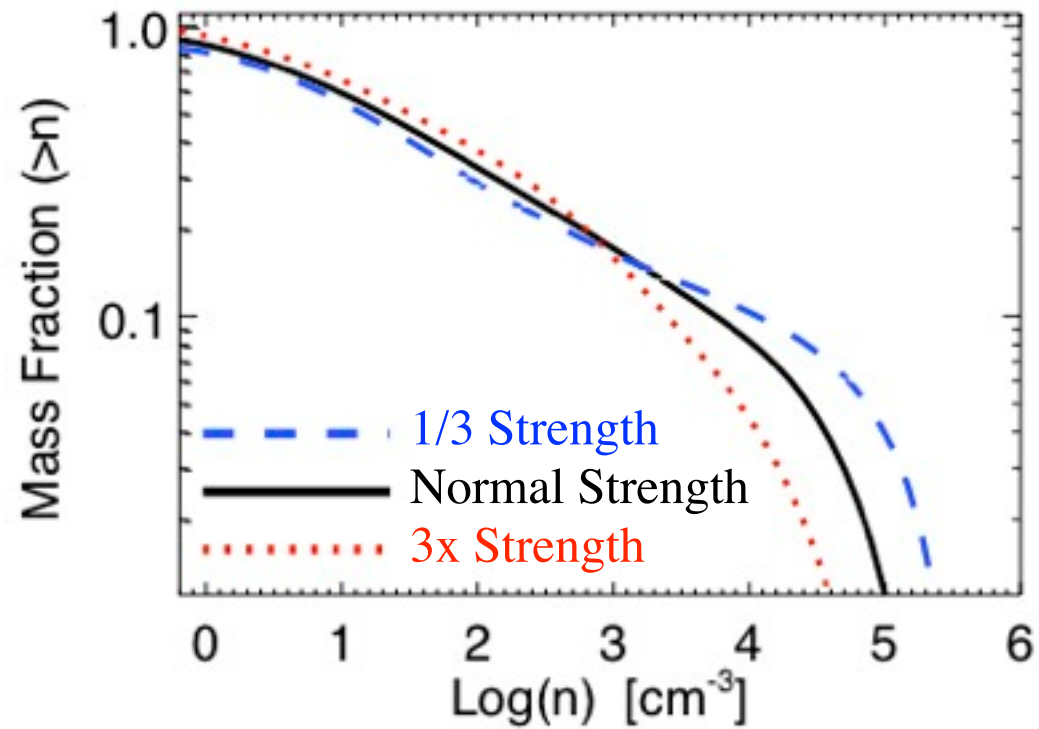
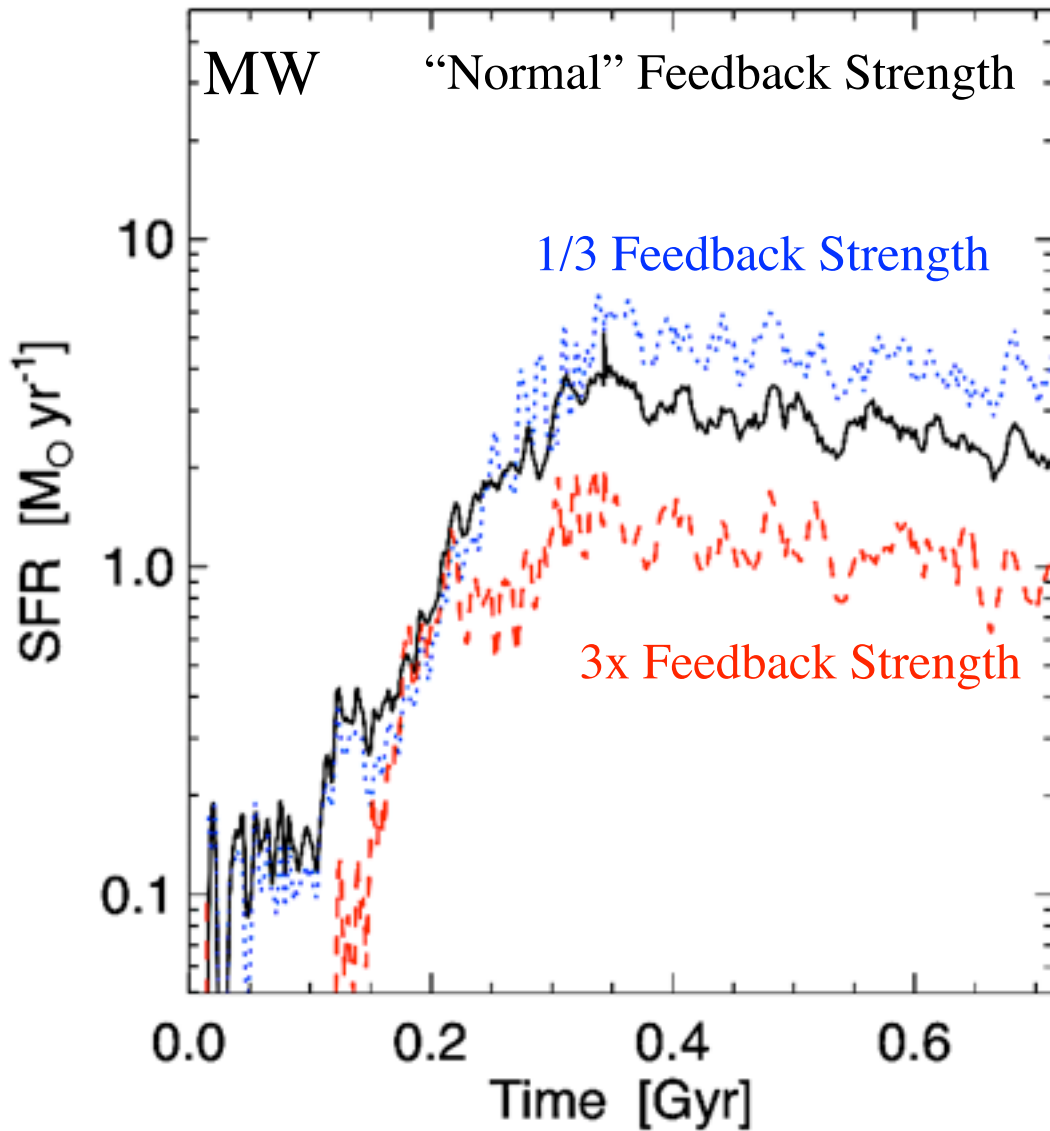
Star Formation is Feedback-Regulated:

MORE FEEDBACK = LESS STAR FORMATION



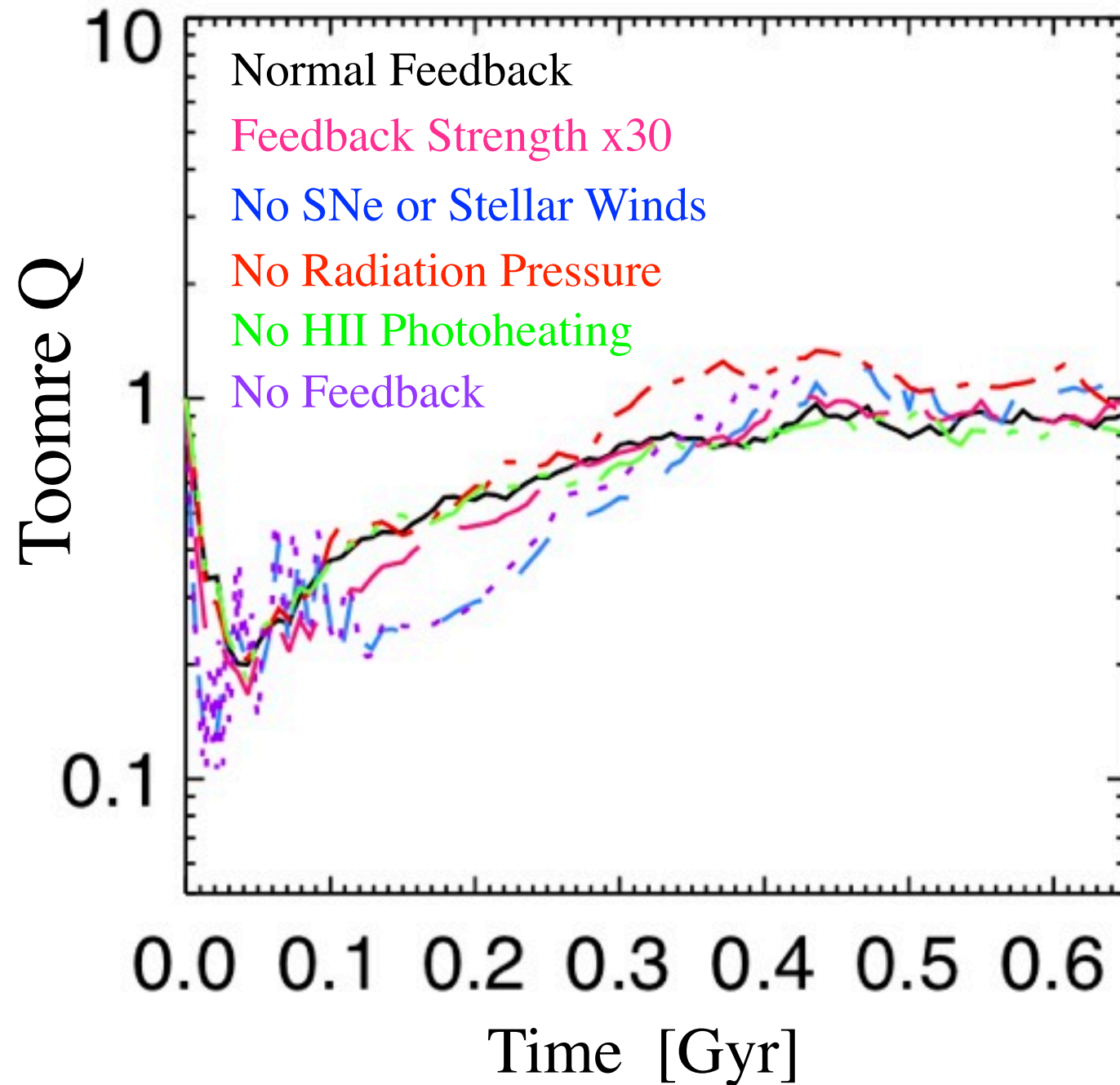
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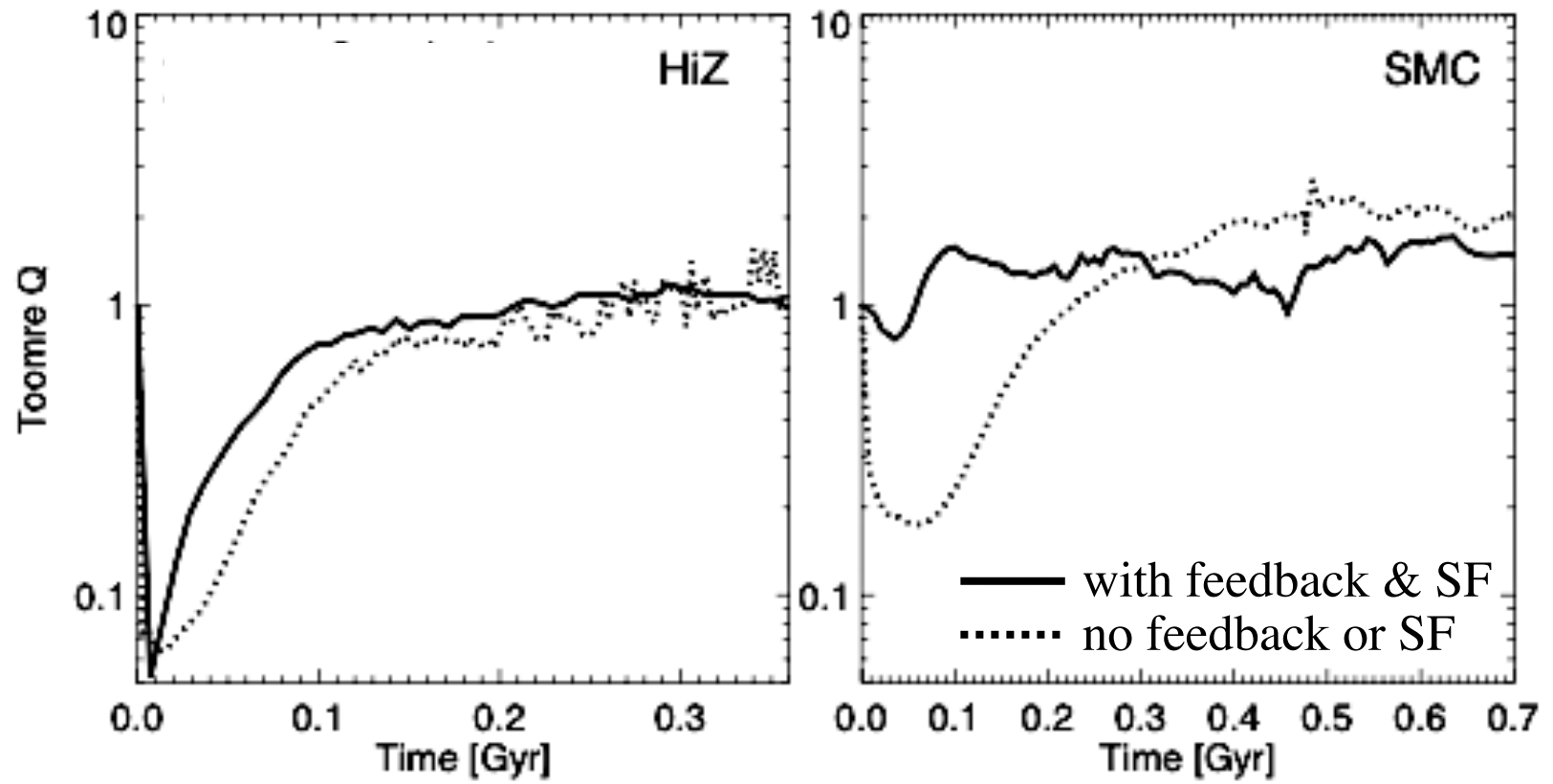
Q ~ 1 Is a Boring Diagnostic

EVERYTHING GOES TO Q~1. SERIOUSLY.



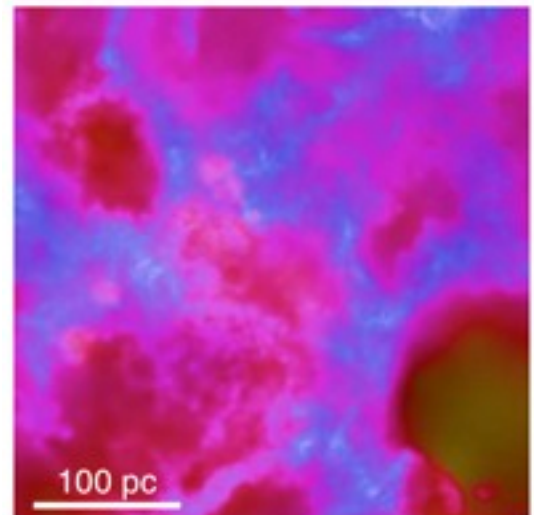
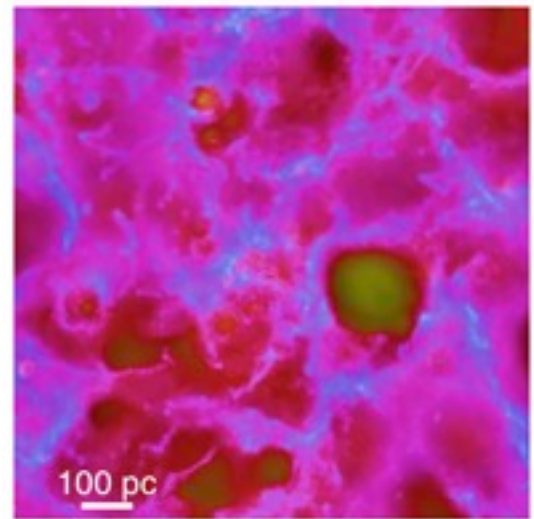
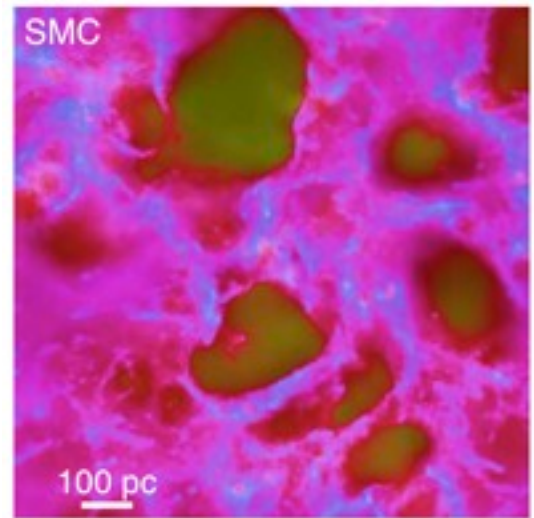
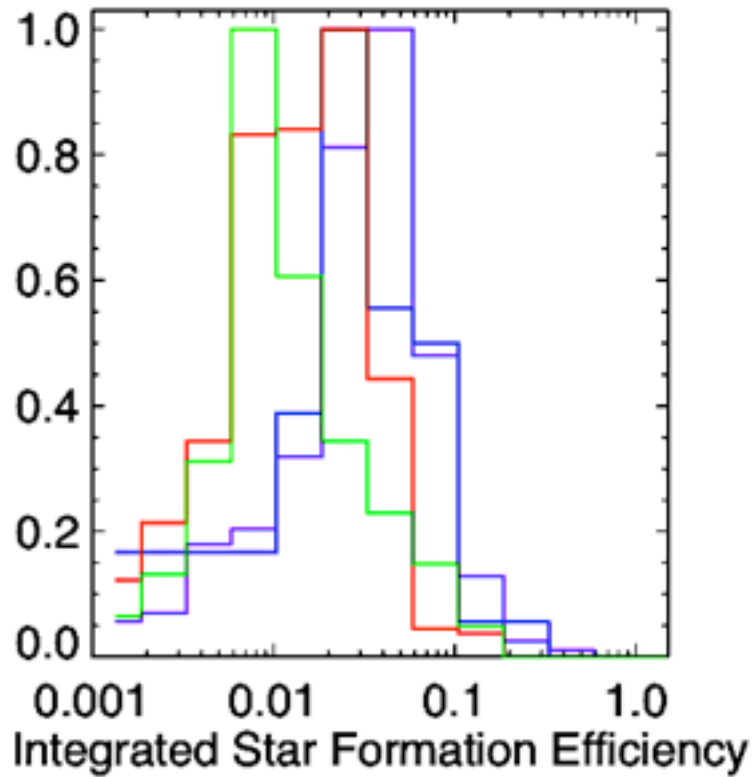
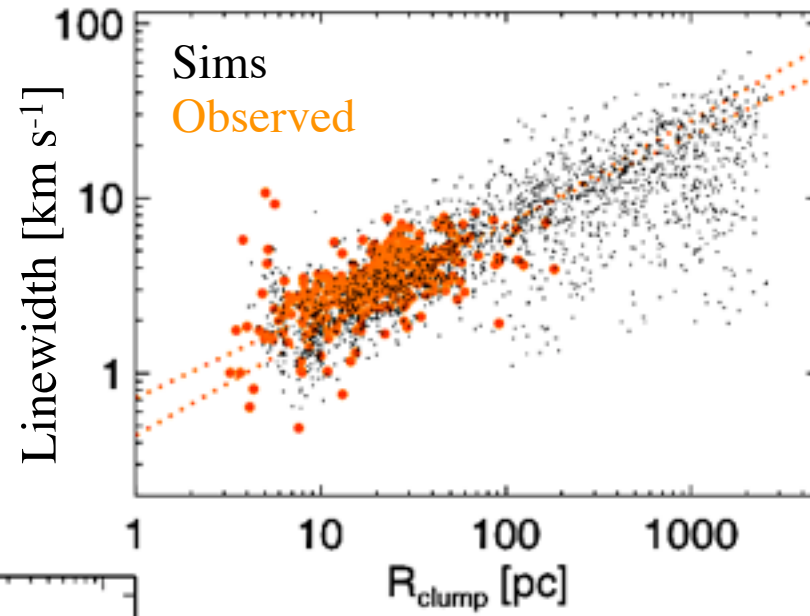
$Q \sim 1$ Is a Boring Diagnostic

EVERYTHING GOES TO $Q \sim 1$. SERIOUSLY.

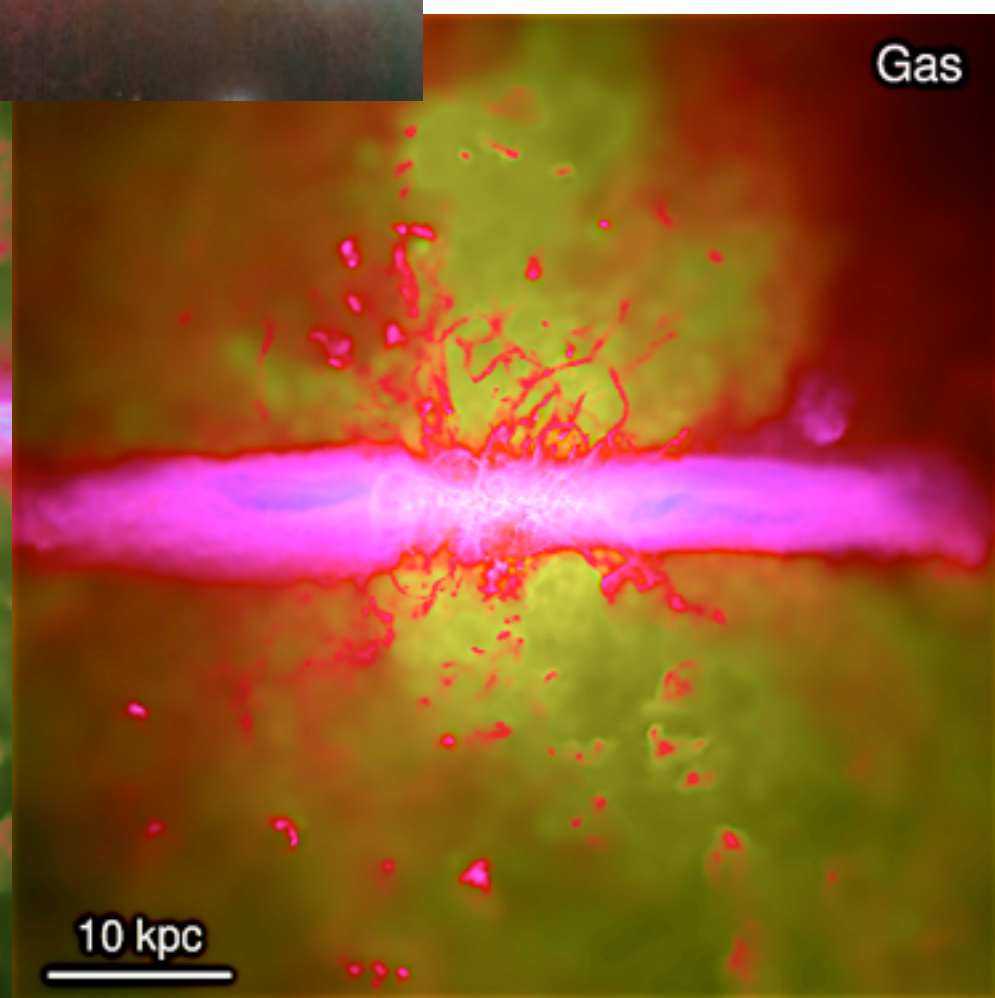
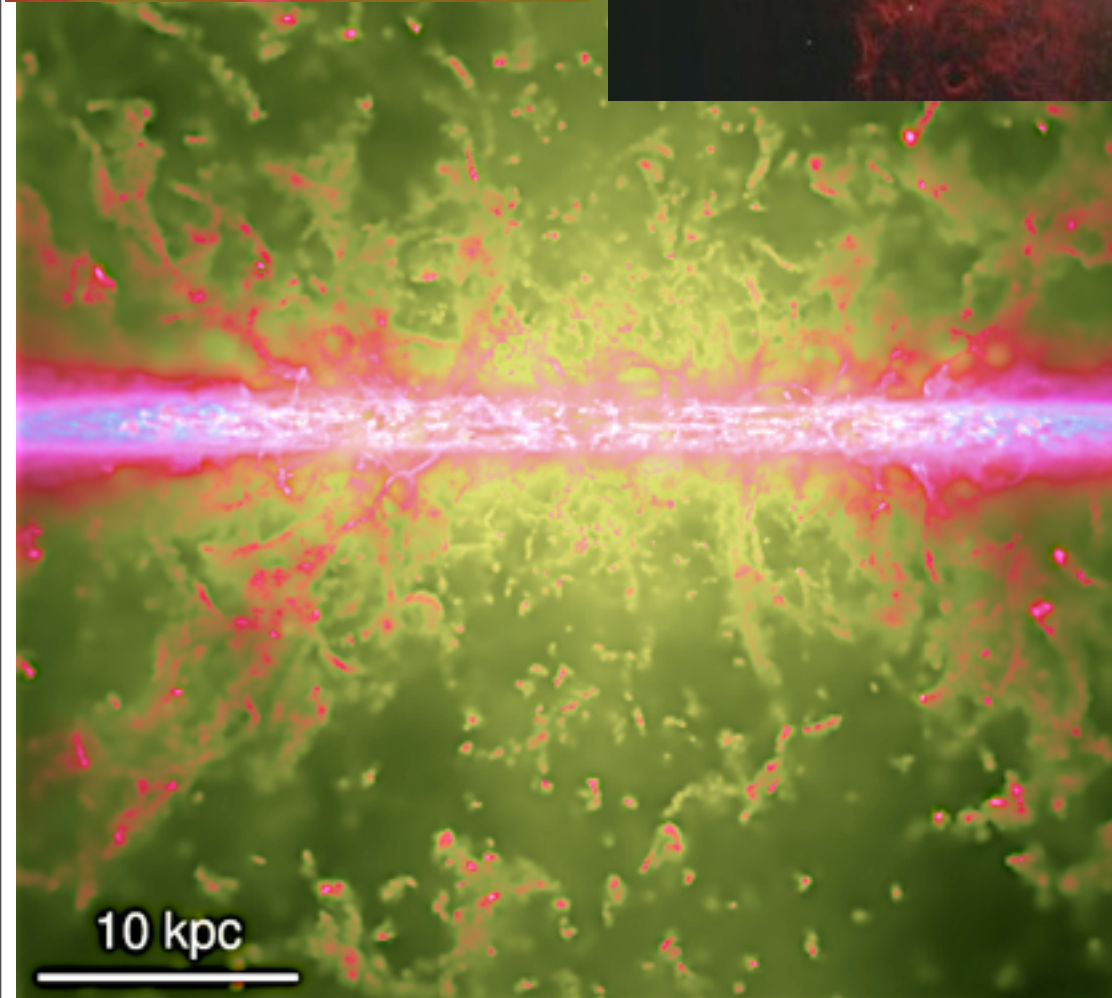
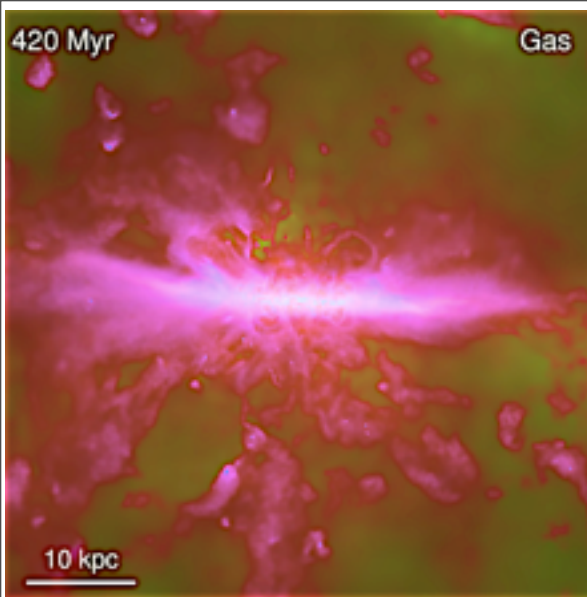


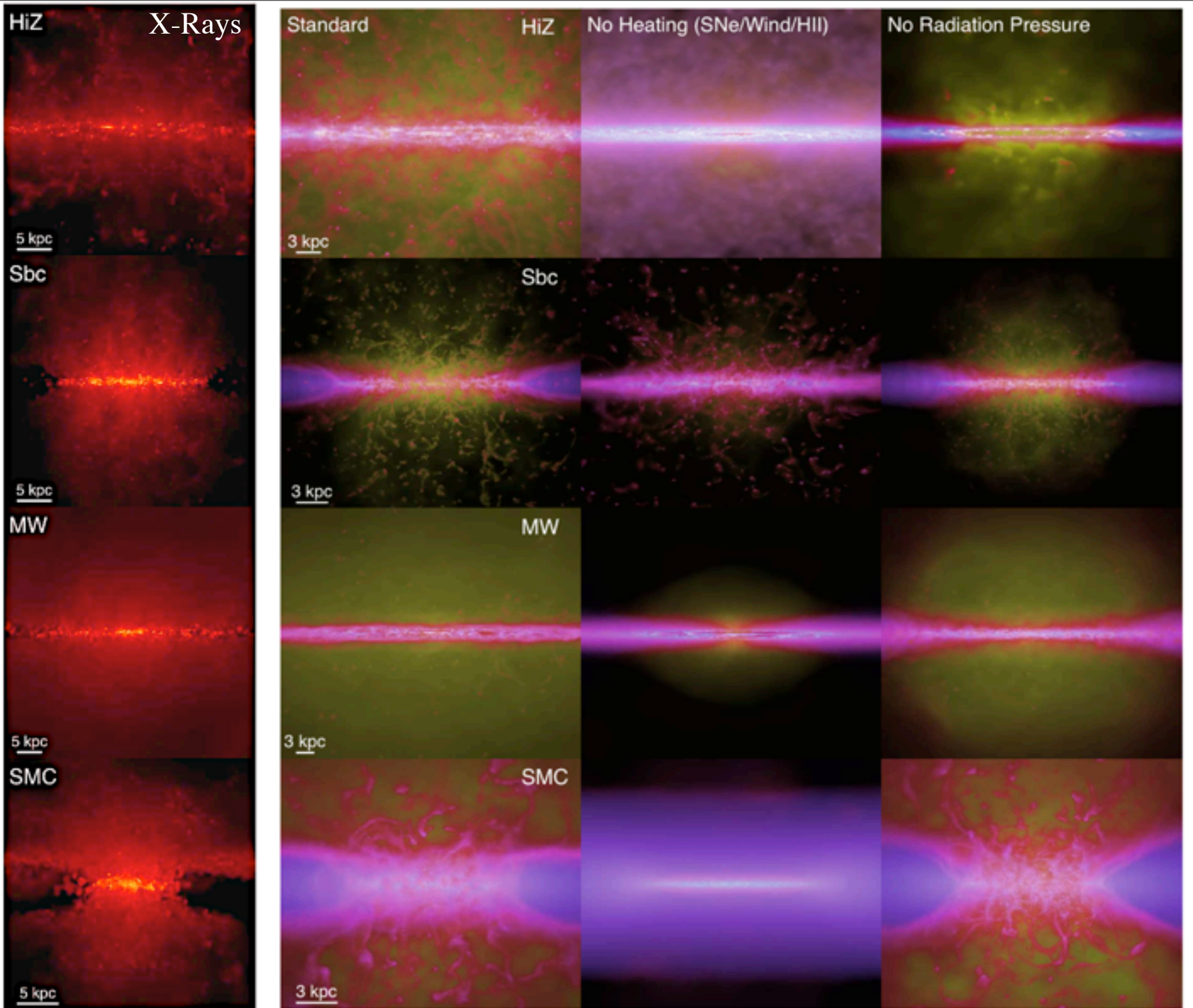
Properties of GMCs

STUFF TO EXAMINE IN THE FUTURE...



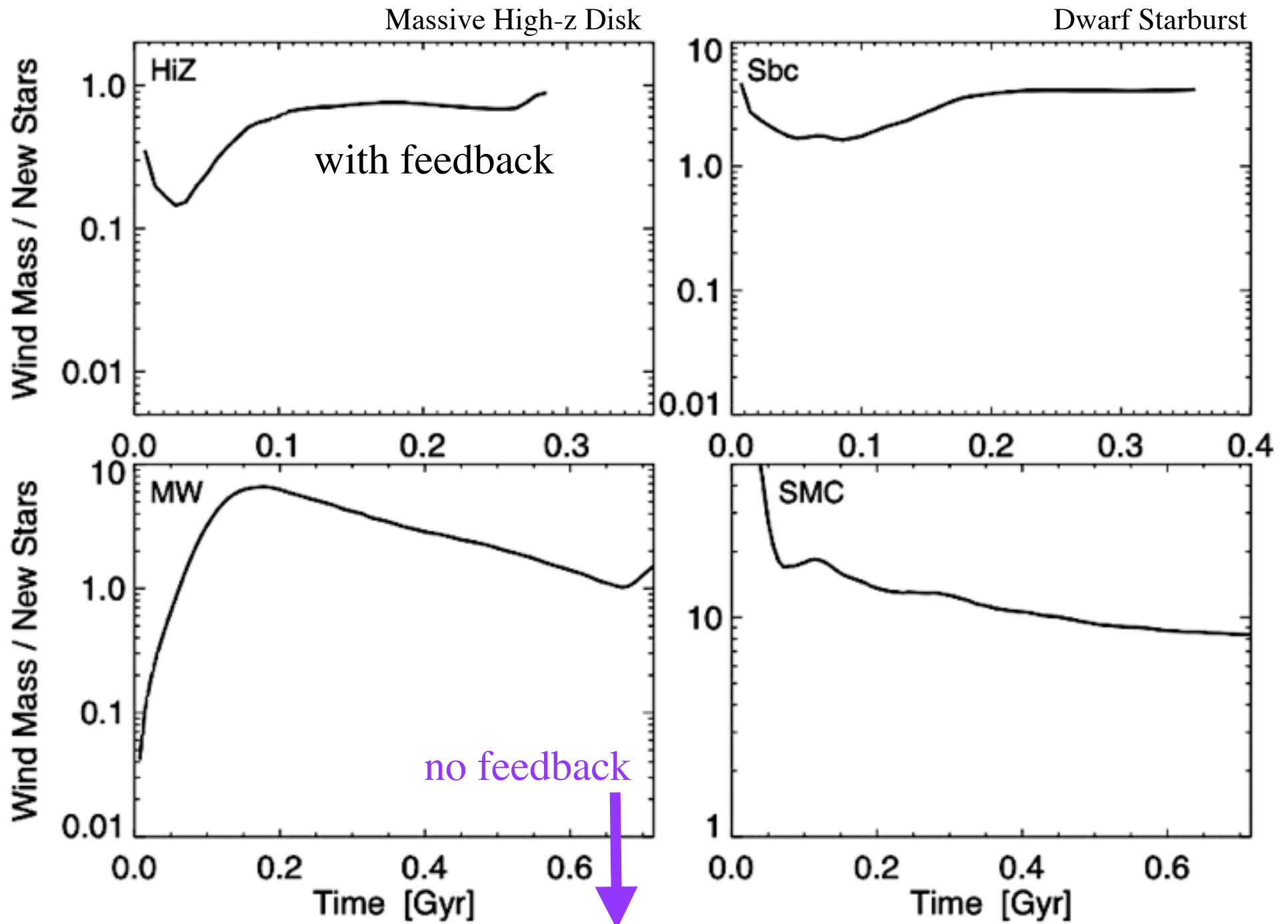
Galactic Super-Winds





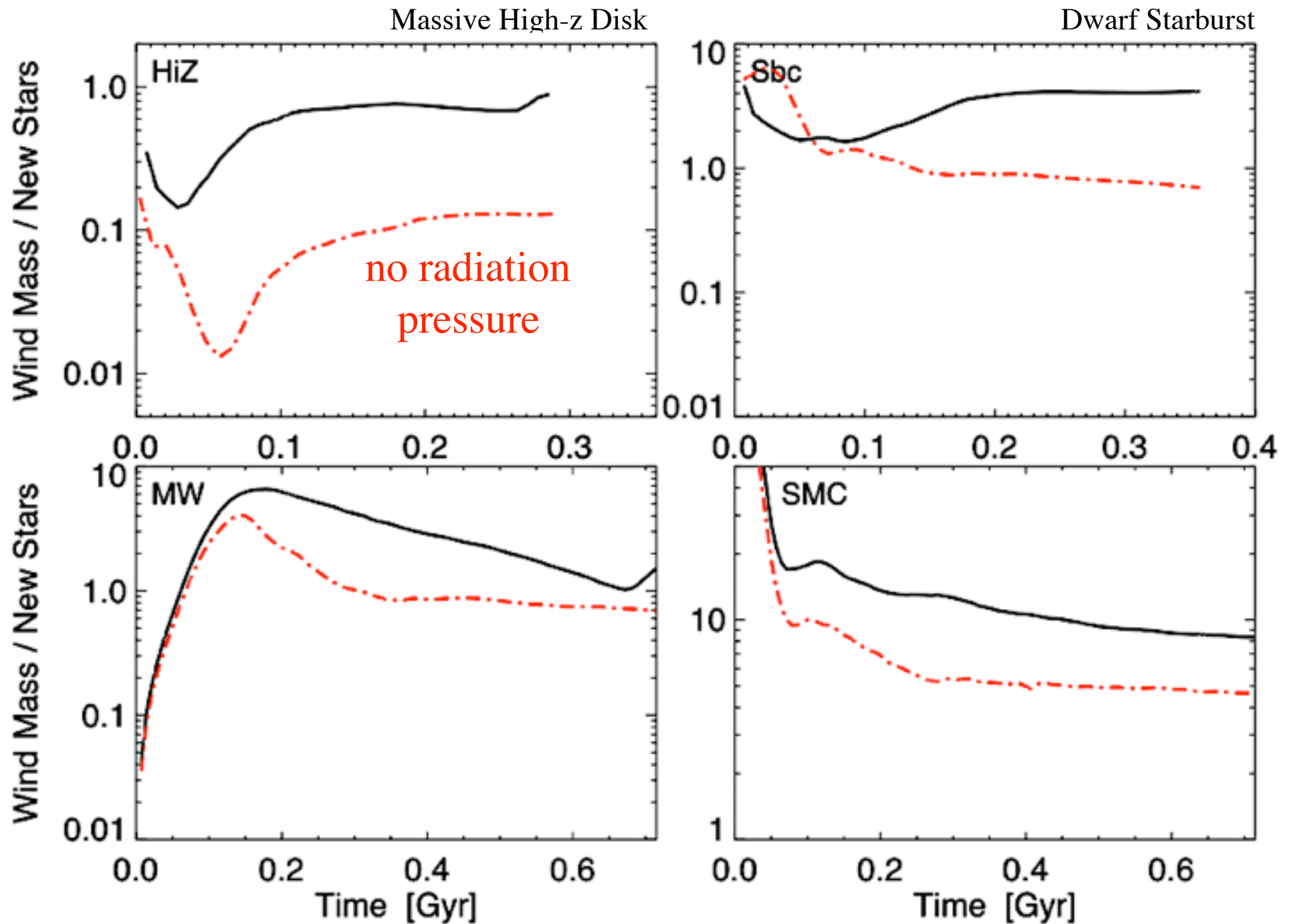
How Efficient Are Galactic Super-Winds?

AND WHAT MECHANISMS DRIVE THEM?



How Efficient Are Galactic Super-Winds?

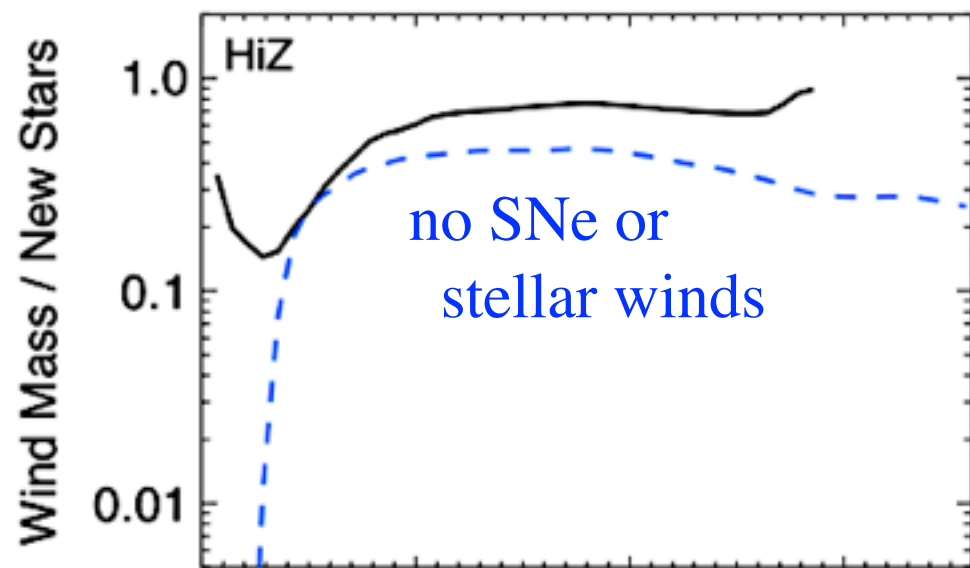
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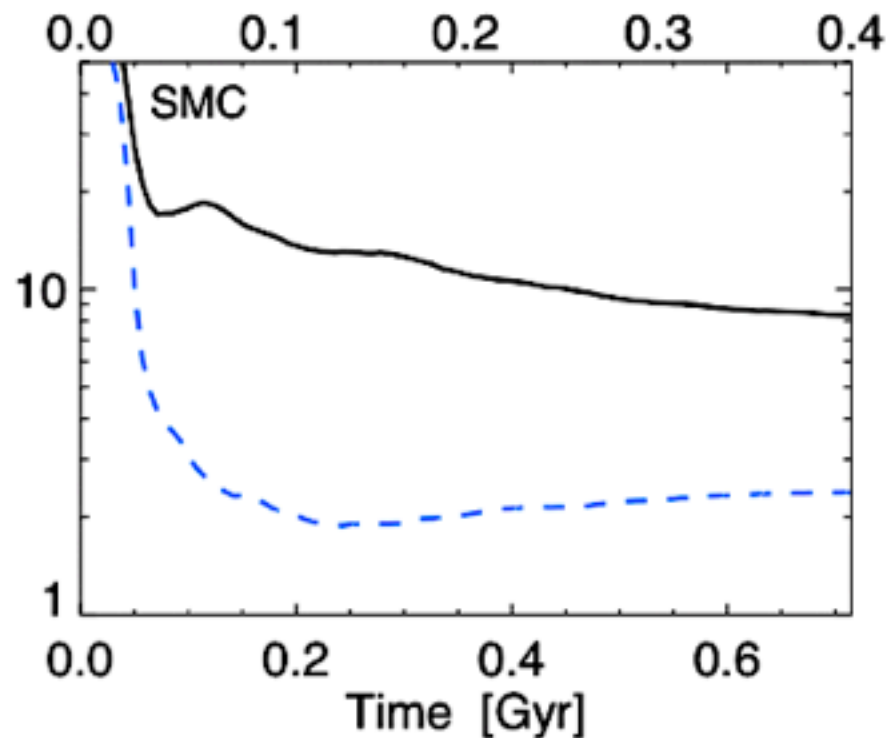
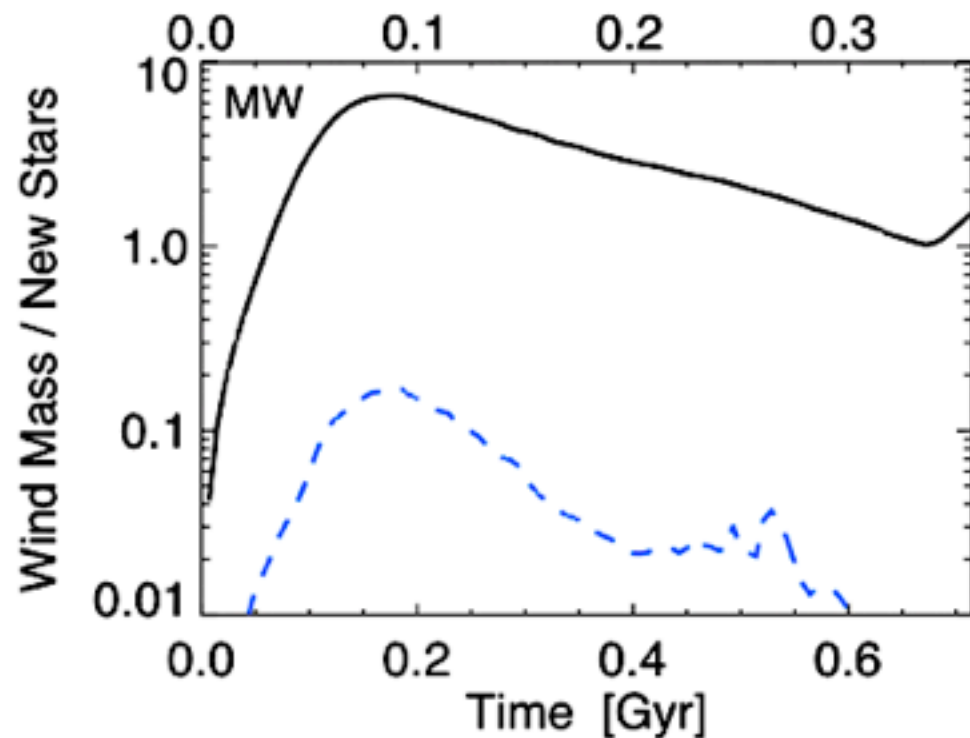
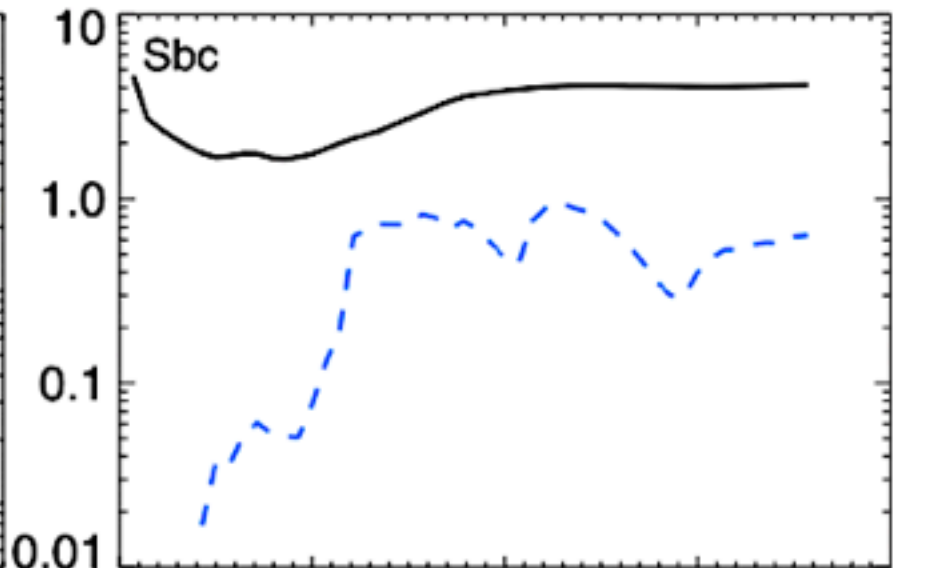
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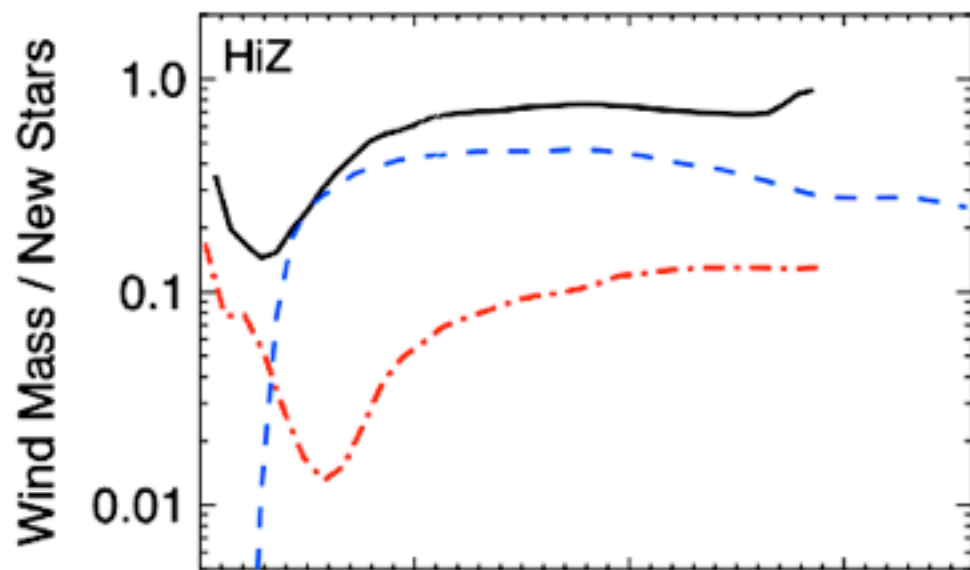
Dwarf Starburst



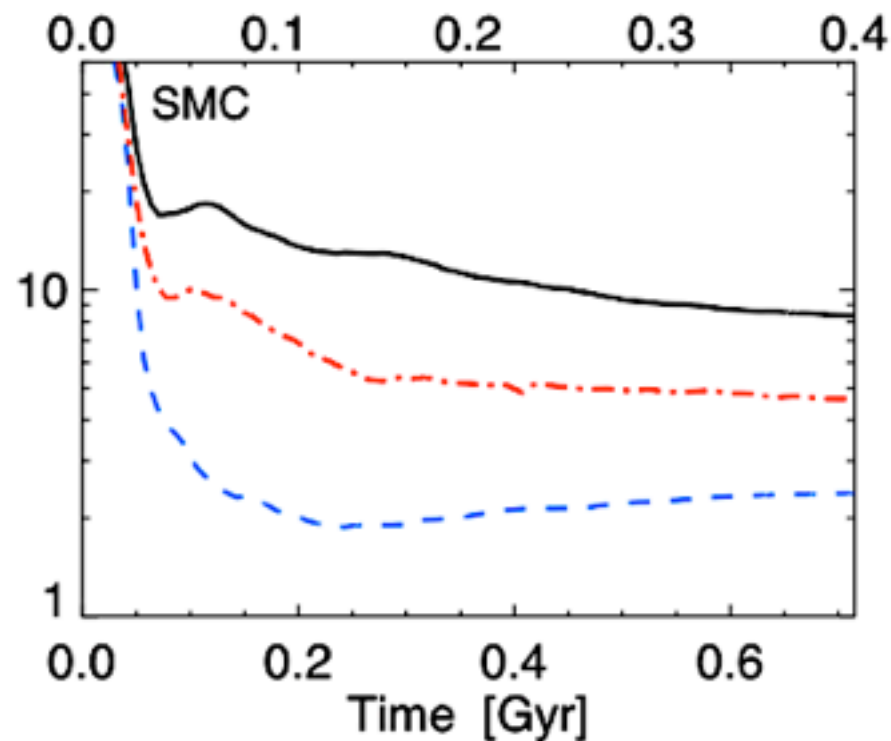
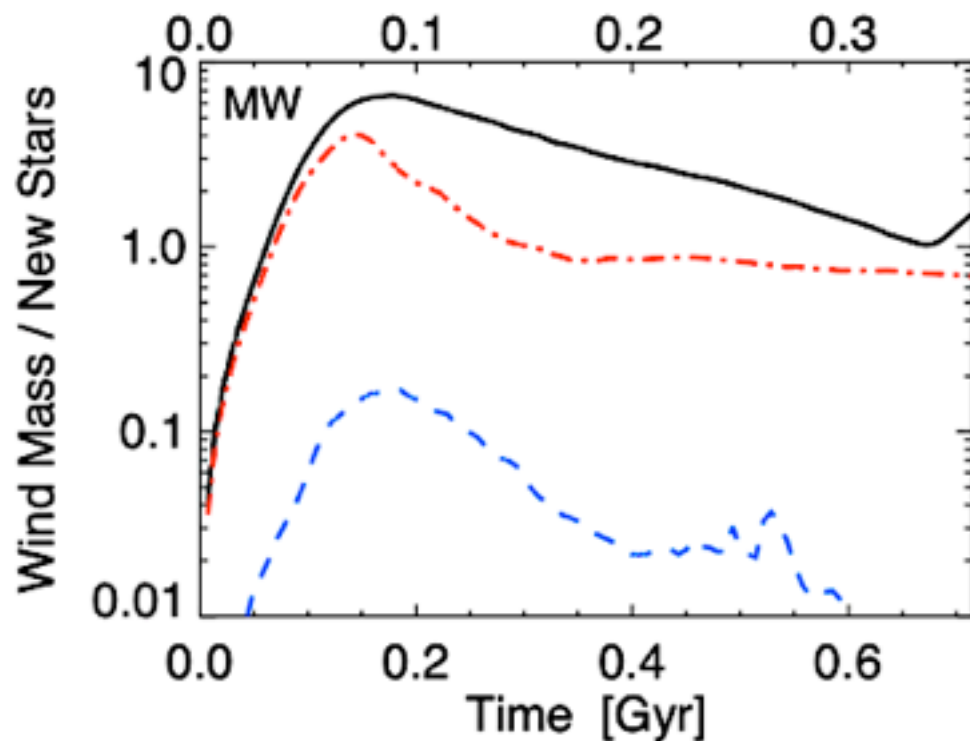
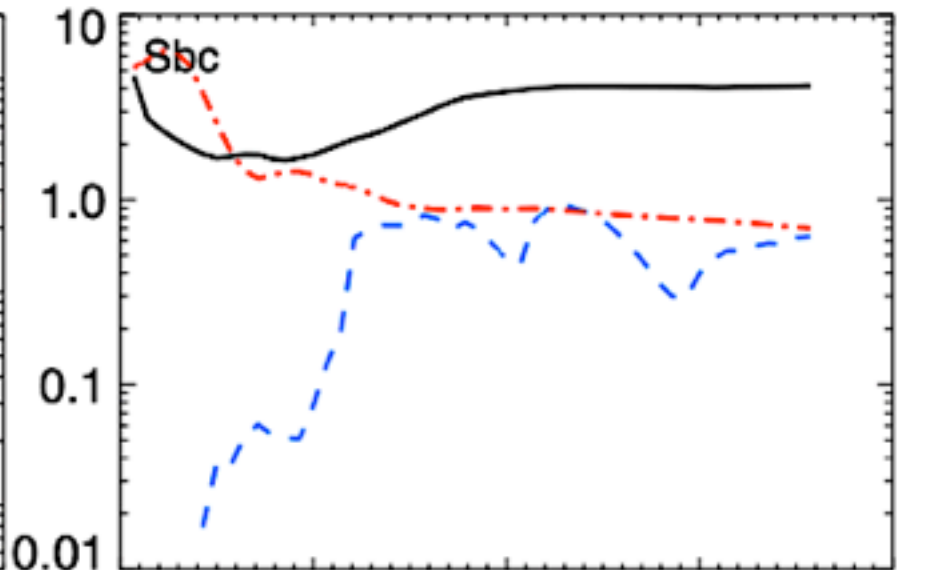
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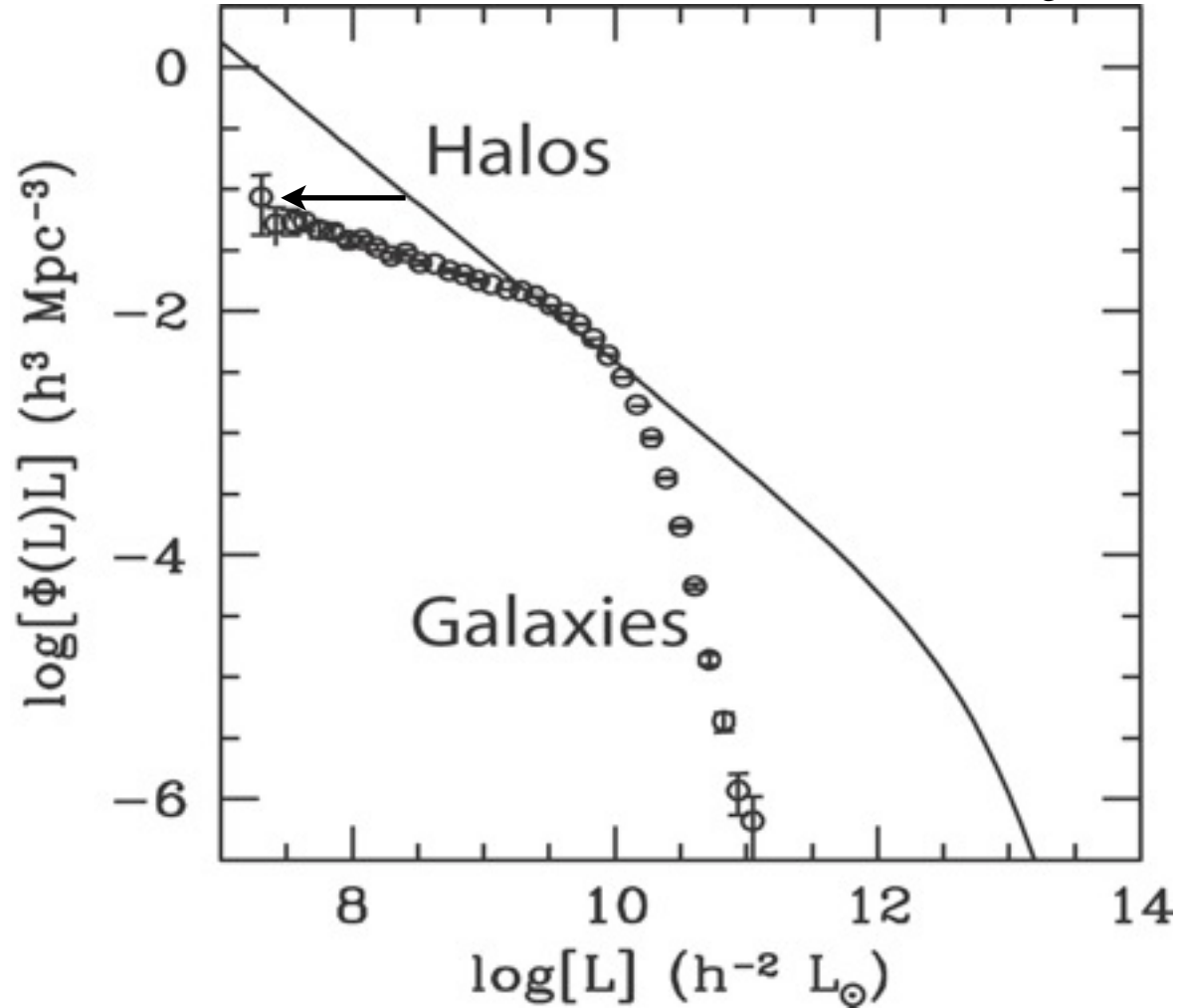
Dwarf Starburst



How Efficient Are Galactic Super-Winds?

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Yang+ 03

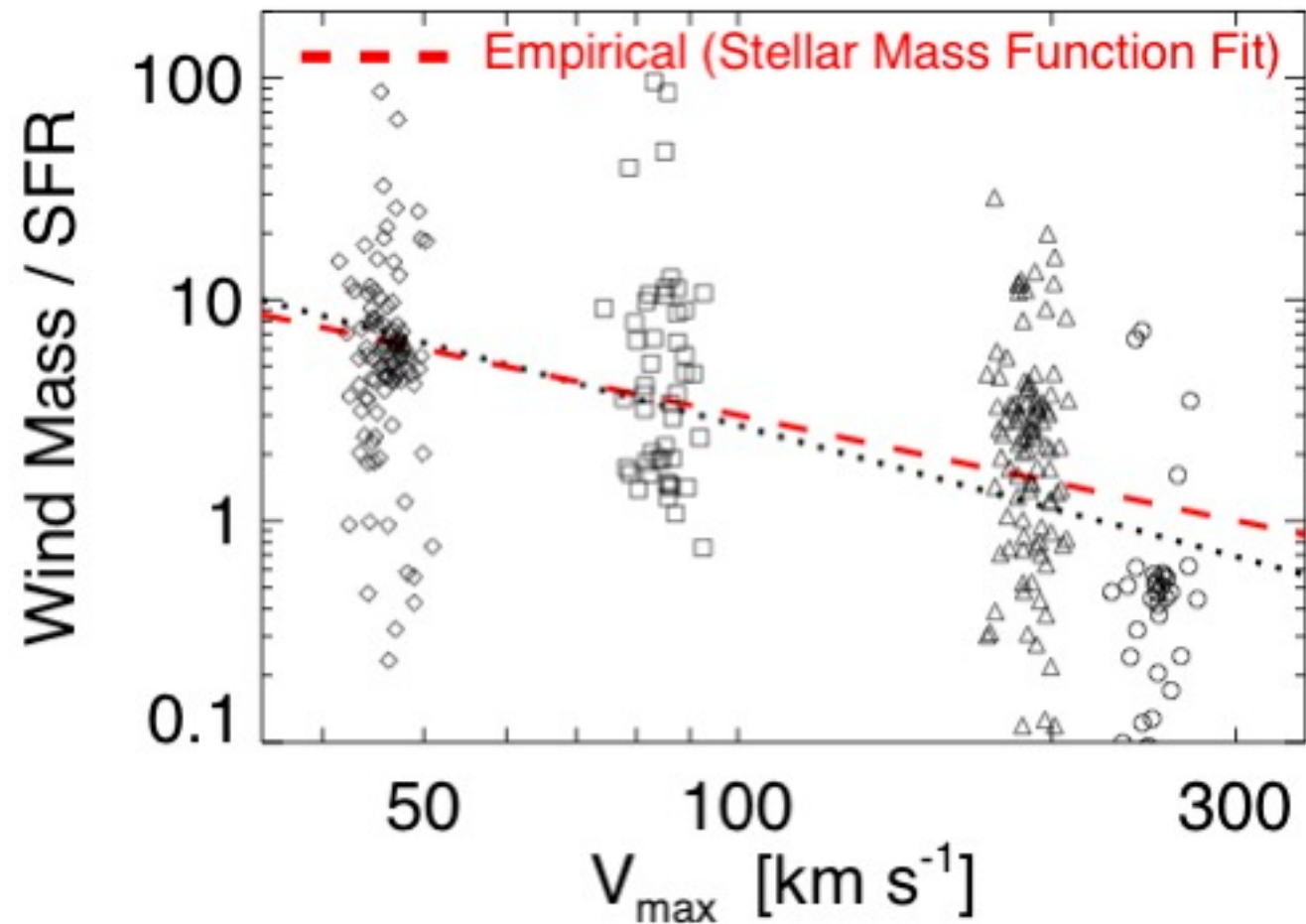


➤ Large mass-loading:

$$\dot{M}_{\text{wind}} \approx 10 \dot{M}_{*} \left(\frac{V_c}{100 \text{ km s}^{-1}} \right)^{-1.1} \left(\frac{\Sigma_{\text{gas}}}{10 M_{\odot} \text{ pc}^{-2}} \right)^{-0.5}$$

How Efficient Are Galactic Super-Winds?

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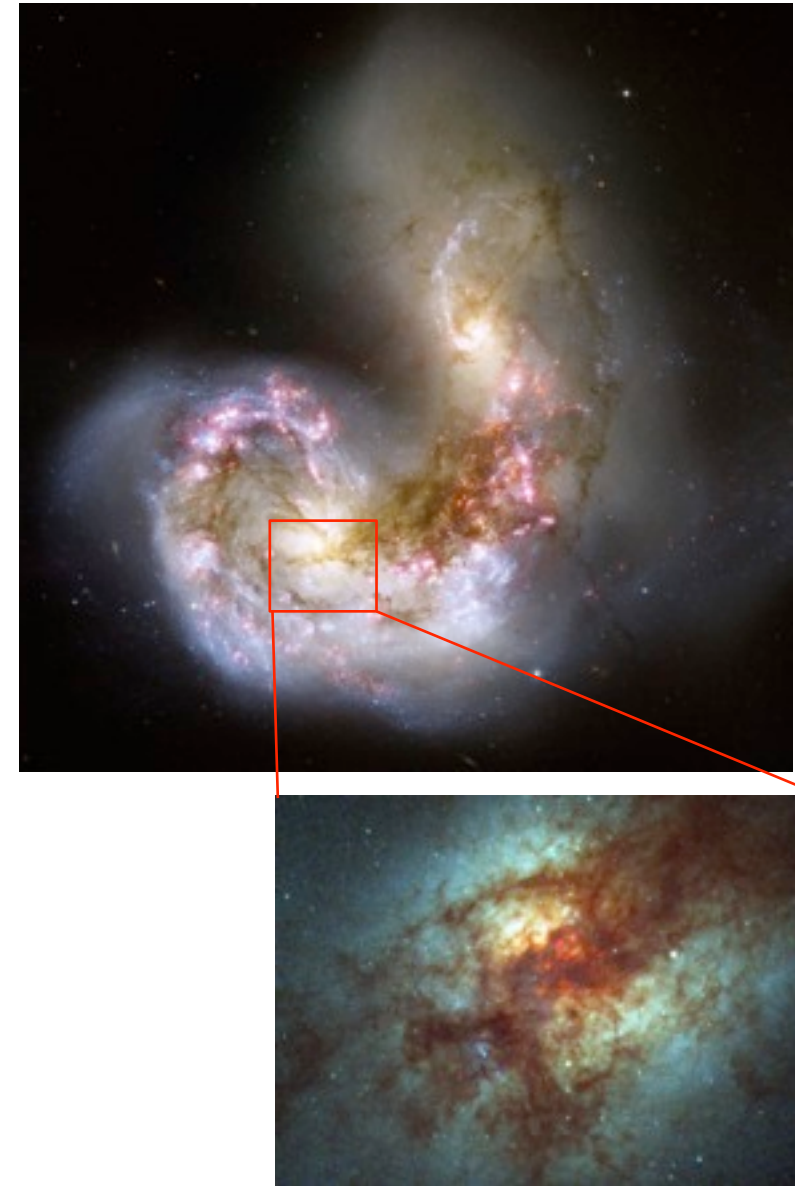
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Future Directions

WHAT CAN WE EXPLORE WITH MORE REALISTIC ISM/FEEDBACK MODELS?

- Mergers:
 - Star cluster formation? Starburst environments?
- AGN Feedback:
 - How does it couple to a multi-phase ISM?
- Cosmological simulations:
 - “Zoom-in” disk formation simulations (D. Keres)
 - Cosmological volume AMR: dwarf populations and mass function evolution (M. Kuhlen)
- GMCs & ISM Structure:
 - Formation & destruction of GMCs, lifetimes, star formation efficiencies



~30 sec



What About The Quasars?

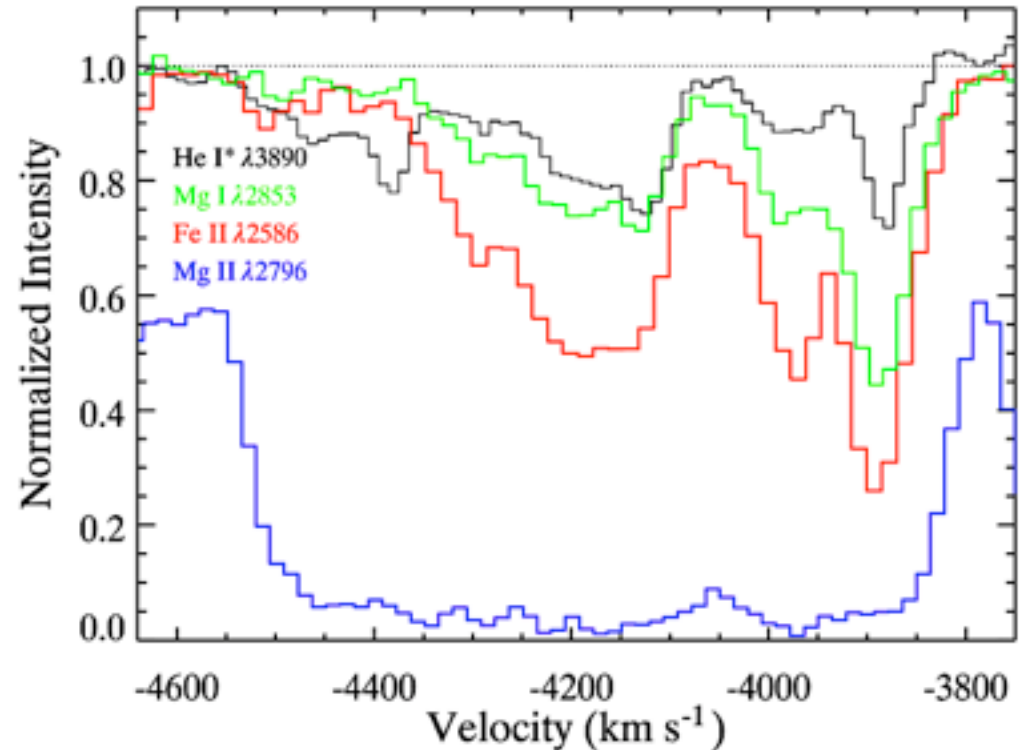
- BALs:
Preferentially in high-L quasars
- Covering factor $\sim 20\%$
- of ~ 16 measured, 14 have:

$$\dot{M}_{\text{wind}} v \gtrsim L_{\text{AGN}}/c$$
$$L_{\text{wind}} \gtrsim 0.01 L_{\text{AGN}}$$

$$R_{\text{wind}} \sim 1 - 20 \text{ kpc}$$

$$v \gtrsim 1000 \text{ km s}^{-1}$$

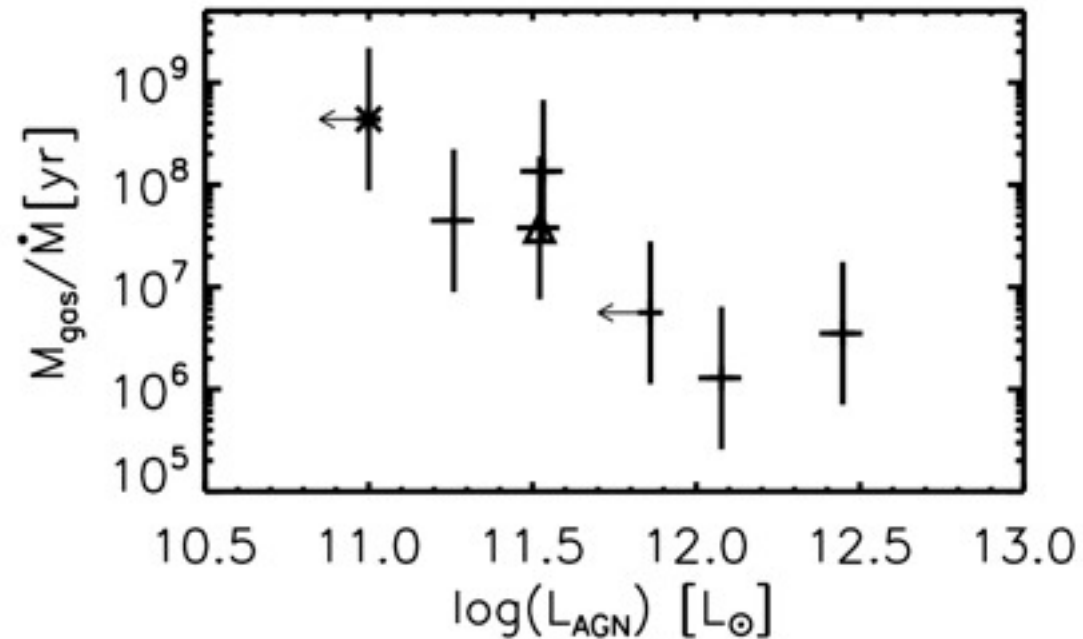
$$\dot{M}_{\text{wind}} \sim 100 - 600 M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$



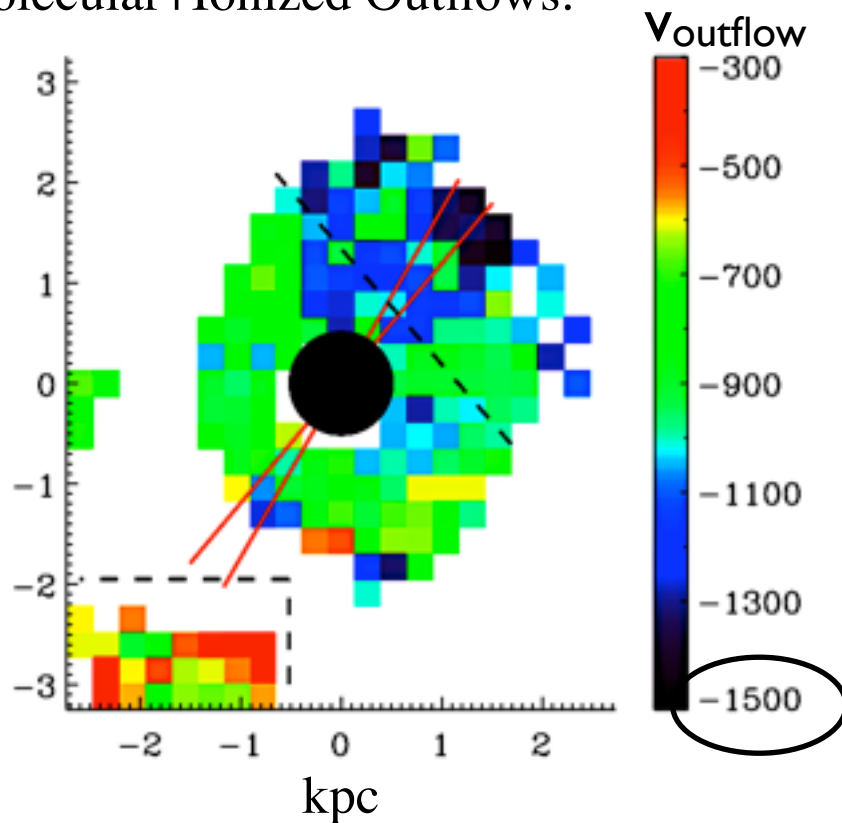
Arav et al.
Wampler et al. 1995
Hamann et al. 2001
de Kool et al. 2001&2
Korista et al. 2008
Moe et al. 2009
Dunn et al. 2010
Aoki et al. 2011
Kaastra et al. 2011

Molecular Outflows in AGN ULIRGs

Rupke & Veilleux 2005,2011
Fischer et al. 2010 (Mrk 231)
Feruglio et al. 2010 (Mrk 231)
Alatalo et al. 2011 (NGC 1266)
Sturm et al. 2011 (6 Herschel gal)



Molecular+Ionized Outflows:



$$R_{\text{wind}} \sim 1 - 4 \text{ kpc}$$

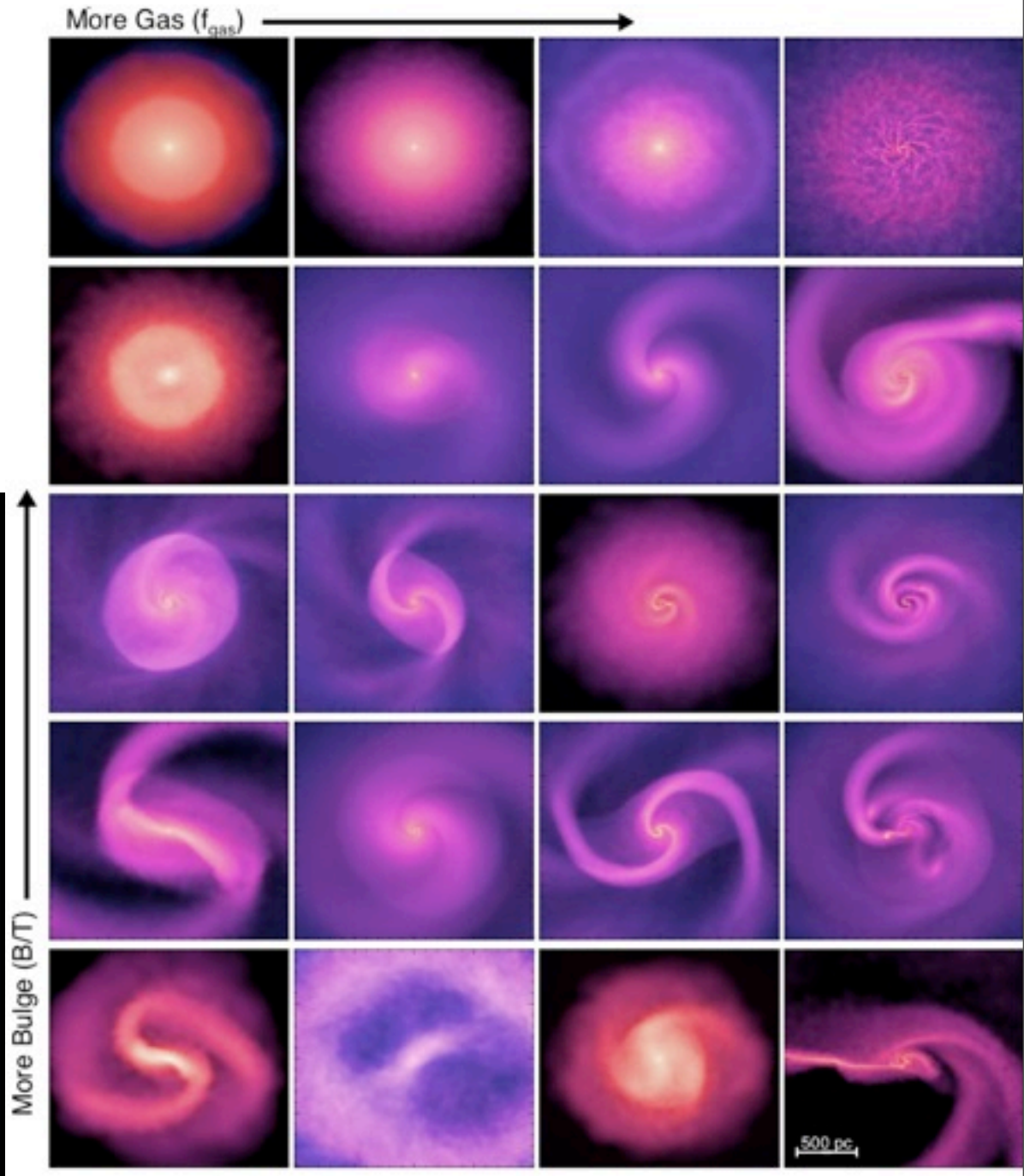
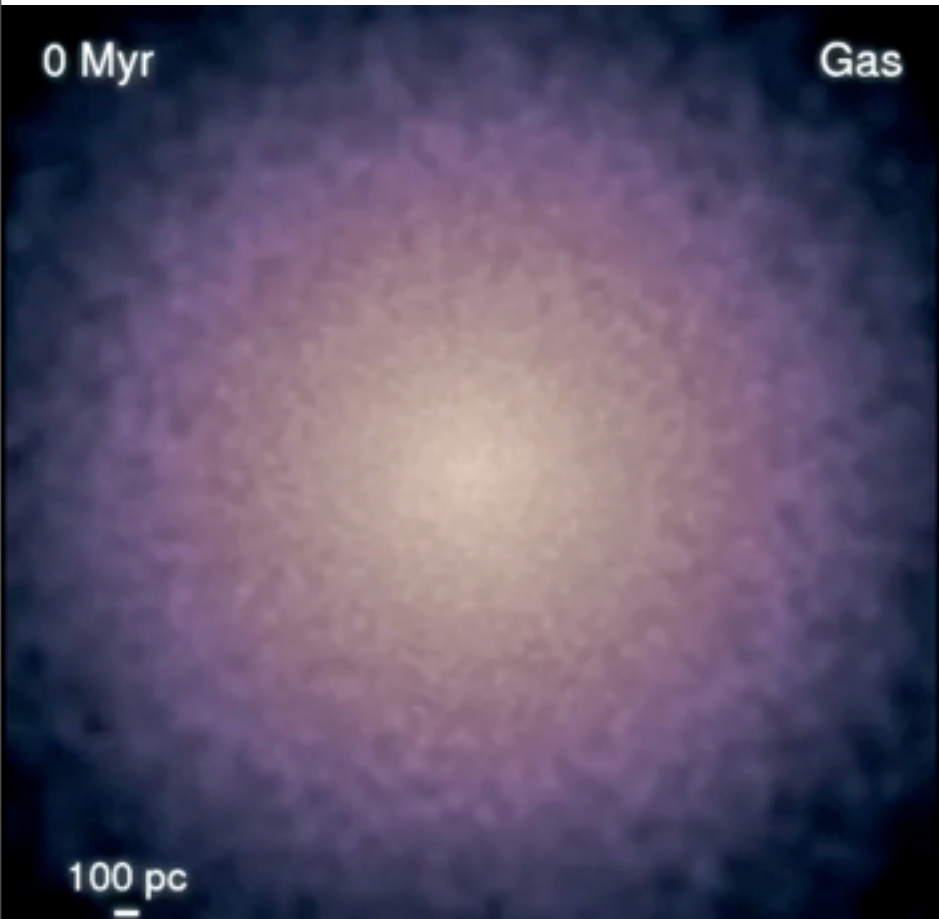
$$v > 500 \text{ km s}^{-1}$$

$$\dot{M}_{\text{wind}} \gtrsim 1000 M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

Step 1: Inflow

- Beginning to directly follow inflow to sub-pc scales

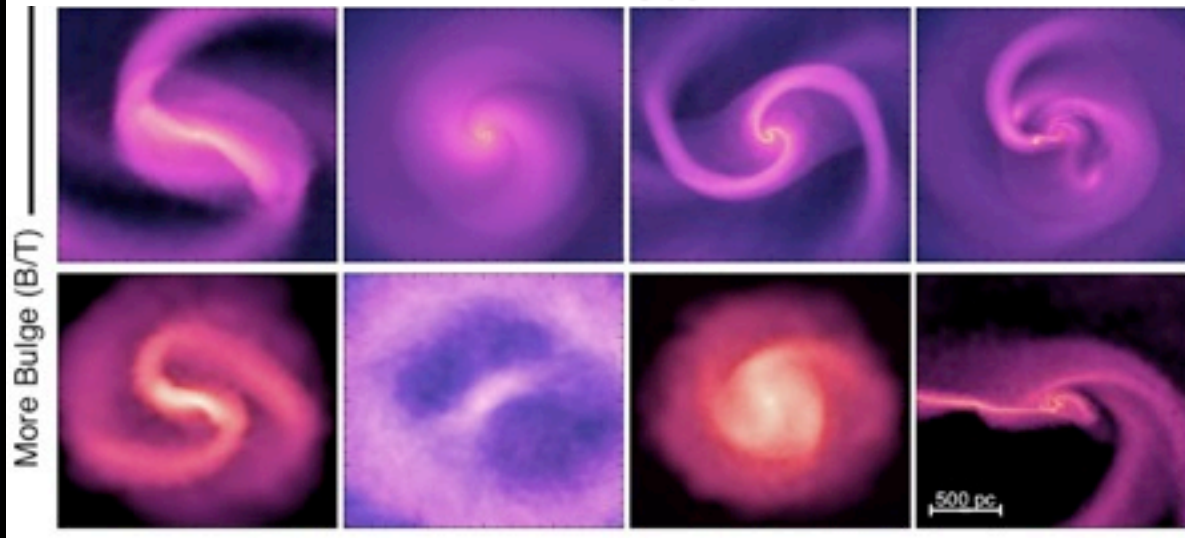
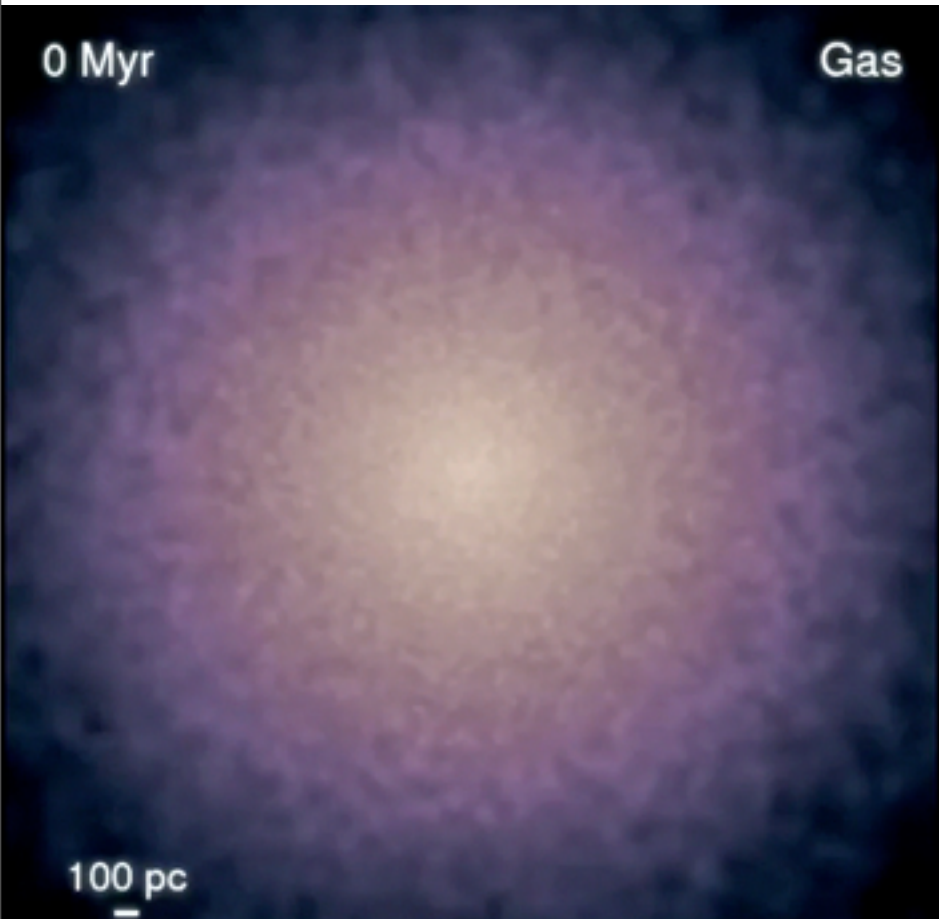
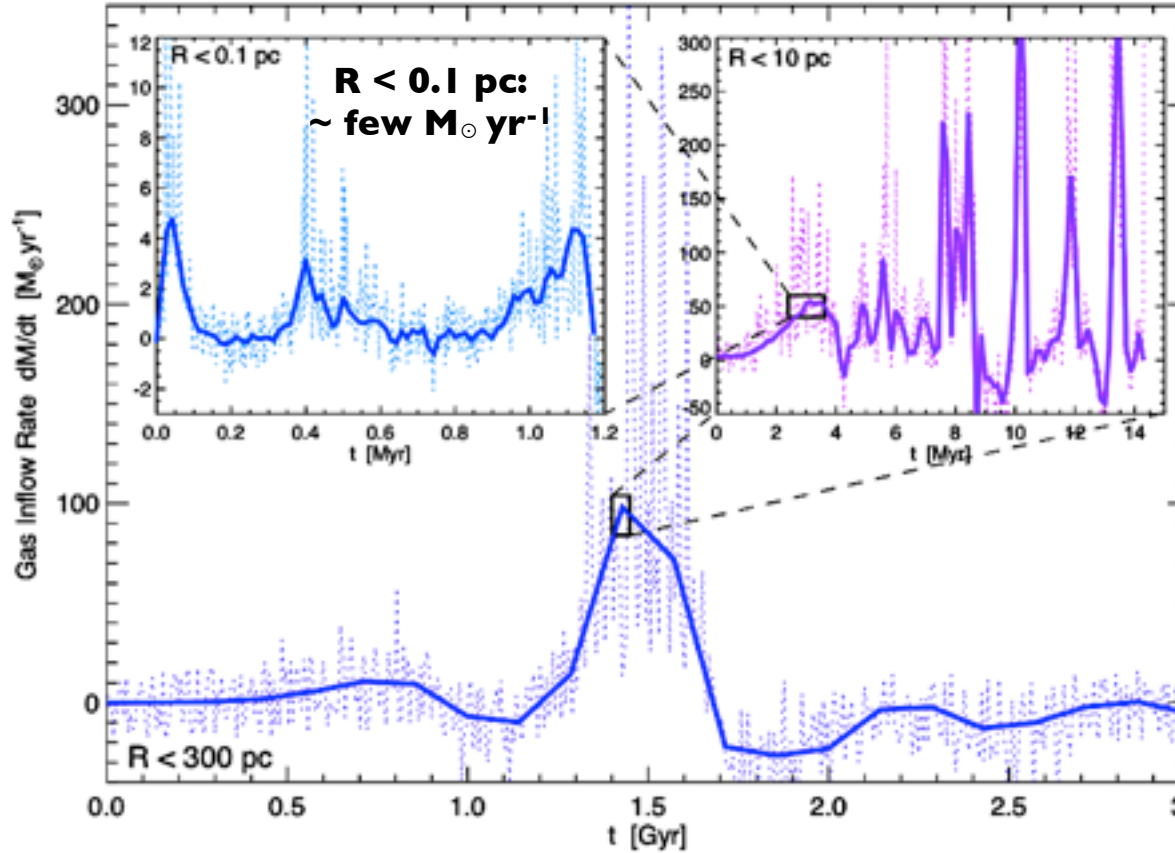
PFH & Quataert 2009,10,11
Levine, Gnedin, Kravtsov 09,10
Mayer, Callegari, 09,10



Step 1: Inflow

- Beginning to directly follow inflow to sub-pc scales

PFH & Quataert 2009,10,11
 Levine, Gnedin, Kravtsov 09,10
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Bars w/in Bars

(Shlosman et al. 1989)

“It’s Bars all the Way Down ...”



Bars w/in Bars

(Shlosman et al. 1989)

“It’s Bars all the Way Down ...”



$$\dot{M} \approx 10 M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1} \left(\frac{\text{Disk}}{\text{Total}} \right)^{5/2} M_{\text{BH}, 8}^{-1/6} M_{\text{gas}, 9} R_{0,100}^{-3/2}$$



Bars w/in Bars

(Shlosman et al. 1989)

“It’s Bars all the Way Down ...”

More accurately ...

“It’s Non-axisymmetric Features all the Way Down ...”

$$\dot{M} \approx 10 M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1} \left(\frac{\text{Disk}}{\text{Total}} \right)^{5/2} M_{\text{BH}, 8}^{-1/6} M_{\text{gas}, 9} M_{0,100}^{-3/2}$$

Step 2: Feedback

- $L/L_{\text{Edd}} > \sim 0.1$
- Covering factor $\sim 10\text{-}30\%$

- Launched at $< \text{pc}$

$$\dot{M}_{\text{launch}} \sim \dot{M}_{\text{BH}}$$

$$v_{\text{launch}} \sim 30,000 \text{ km/s}$$

z

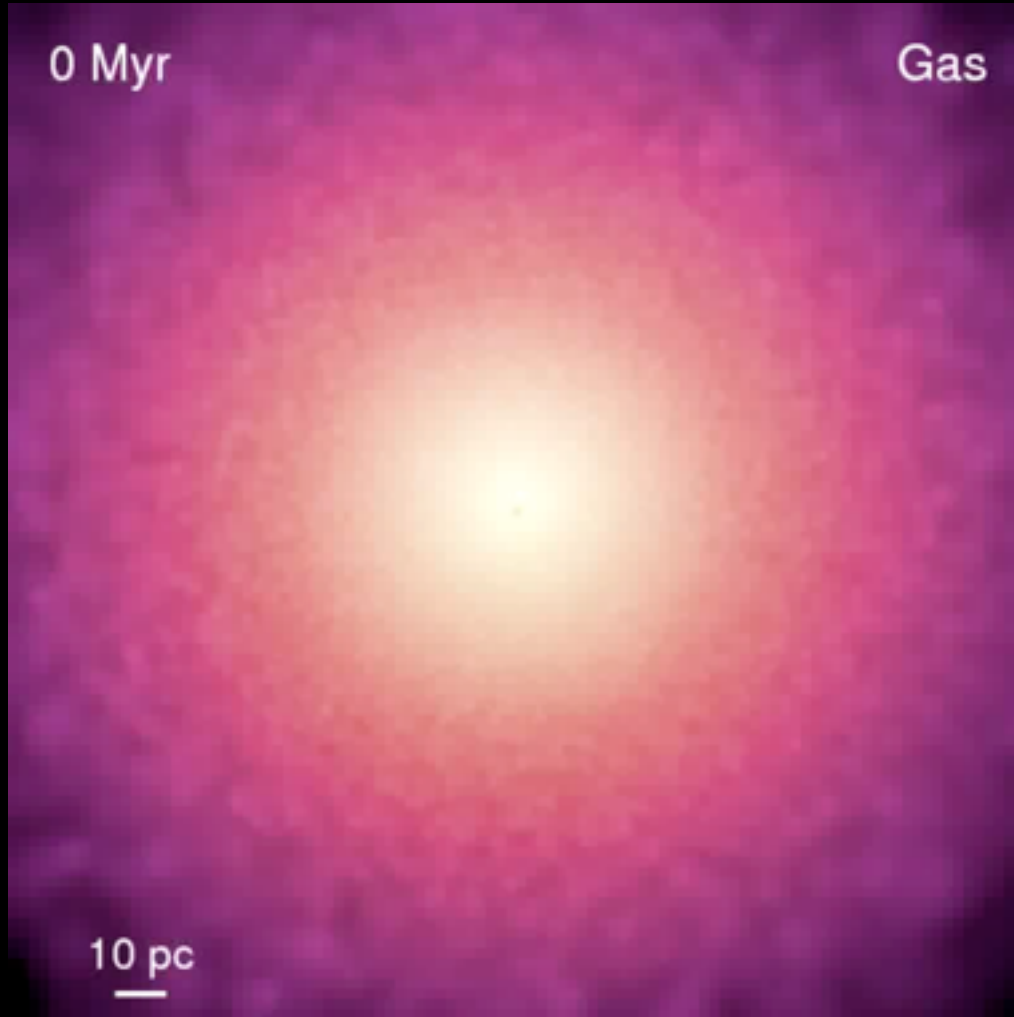


z

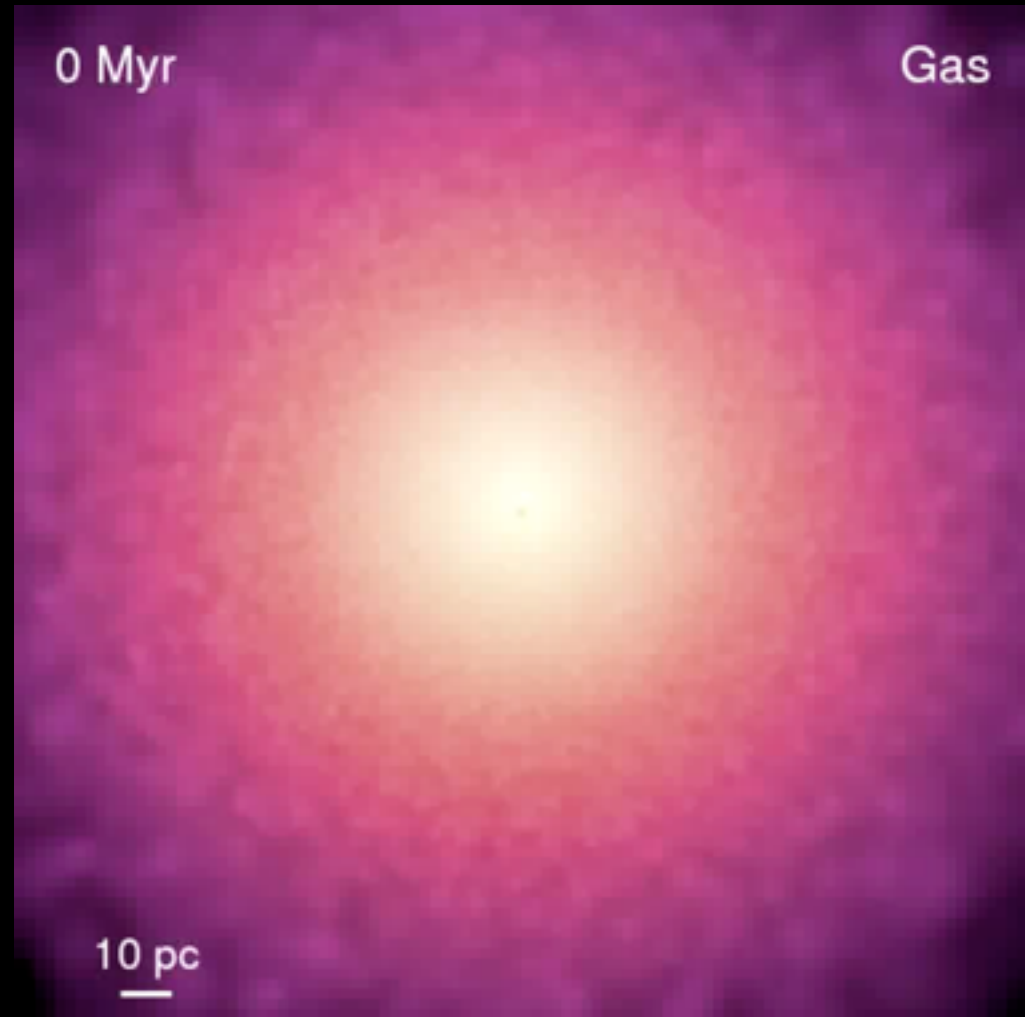


R

No BAL Winds



With BAL Winds



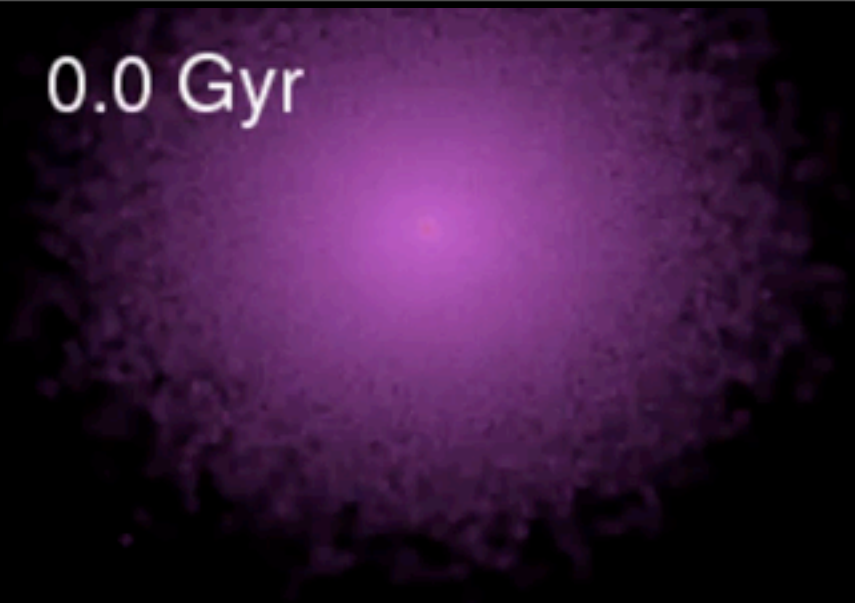

$$\dot{M}_{\text{launch}}(0.1 \text{ pc}) = 0.5 \dot{M}_{\text{BH}}$$

$$v_{\text{launch}}(0.1 \text{ pc}) = 10,000 \text{ km/s}$$

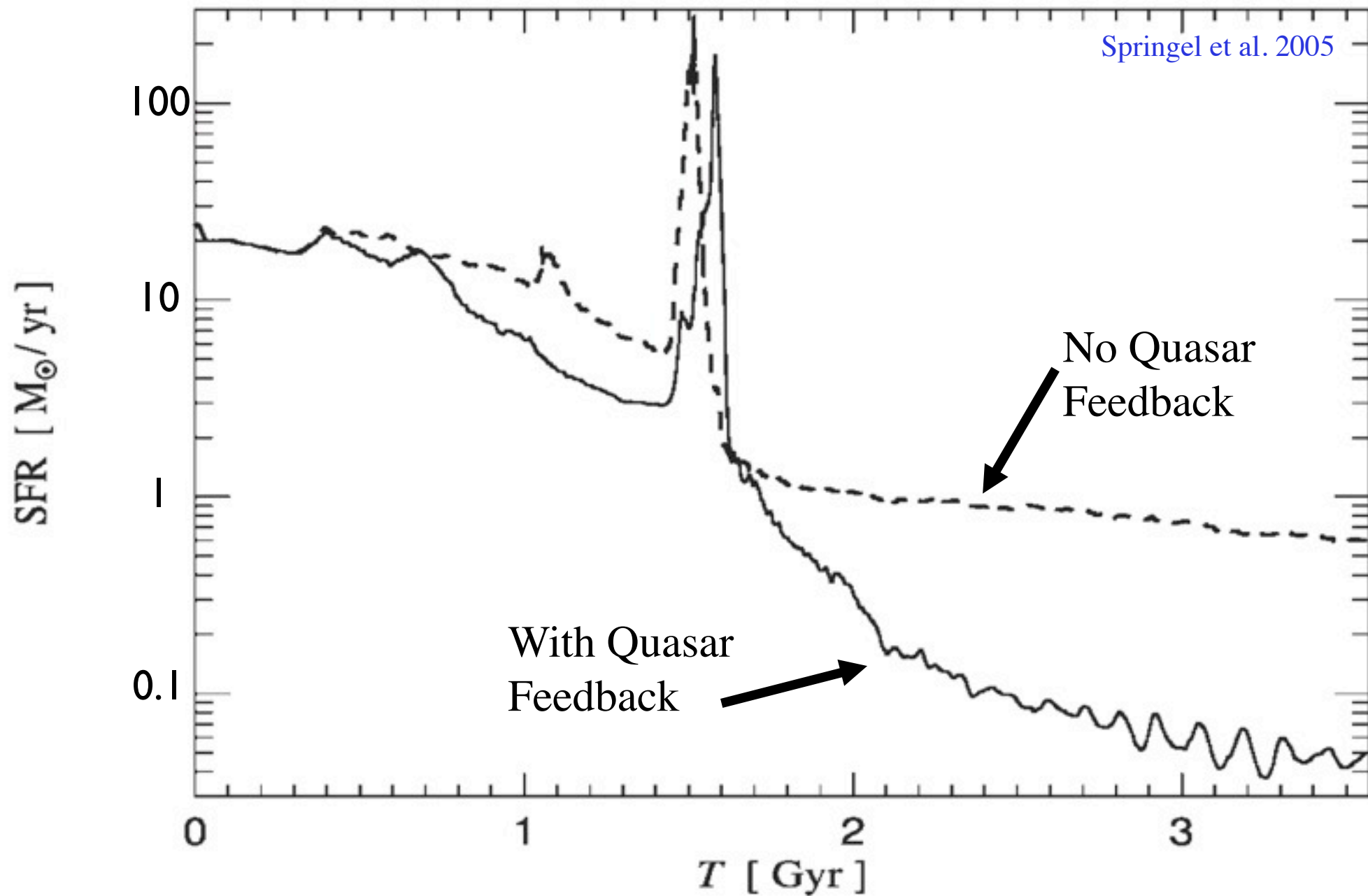
0.0 Gyr

Gas

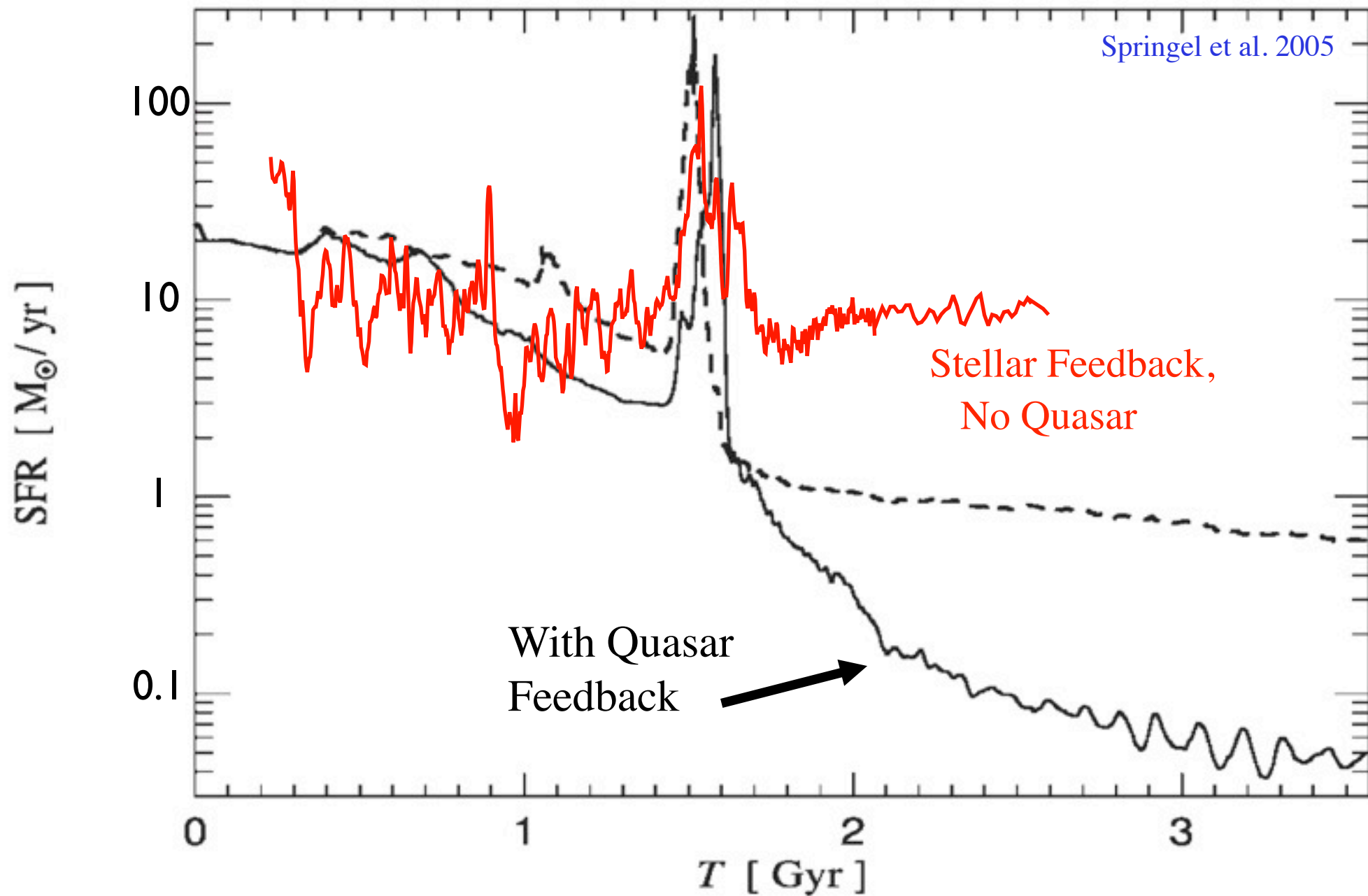
10 kpc



Do we still need 'Quasar Mode' Feedback?



Do we still need 'Quasar Mode' Feedback?



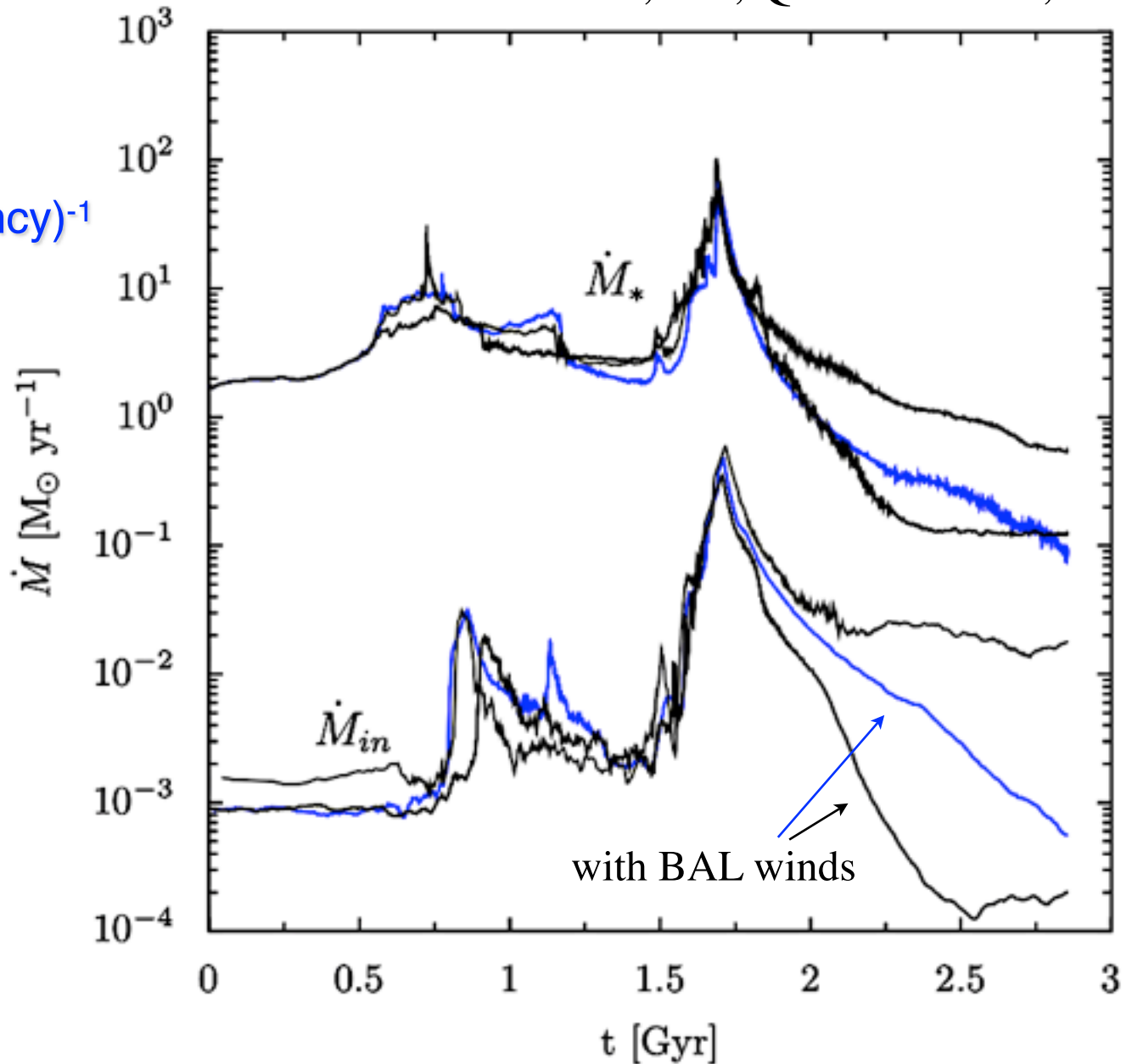
Step 3: Profit

CAN IT REALLY AFFECT STAR FORMATION?

Novak et al. 2010,11

Debuhr, Ma, Quataert 2010,11

- Recover M-s
- Normalization $\sim (\text{efficiency})^{-1}$
- Launch ~ 1000 km/s “tail” in winds
- Suppress SFR



Summary:

- **Global Star formation is Feedback-Regulated:** *independent* of small-scale SF ‘law’
 - Need ‘enough’ stars to offset dissipation (set by gravity)

- Feedback leads to Kennicutt relation & super-winds:

$$\dot{M}_{\text{wind}} \approx 10 \dot{M}_* \left(\frac{V_c}{100 \text{ km s}^{-1}} \right)^{-1.1} \left(\frac{\Sigma_{\text{gas}}}{10 M_{\odot} \text{ pc}^{-2}} \right)^{-0.5}$$

Standing!

- Different mechanisms dominate different regimes:

- High densities: radiation pressure
- Intermediate: HII heating, stellar wind momentum
- Low densities: SNe & stellar wind shock-heating
 - **No one mechanism works**

- Quasar feedback is here to stay:

- BAL Winds:
 - CAN explain $M_{\text{BH-S}}$
 - WILL suppress SFRs
 - SHOULD heat & help clear IGM & Proto-Group Environments



- Inflows: “Stuff within Stuff”: Cascade of instabilities with diverse morphology

$$\dot{M}_{\text{BH}} \propto f(\text{B/T}) M_{\text{gas}}(R) / t_{\text{dyn}}$$

0 Myr

Gas

10 pc

50 Myr

Gas

1 kpc

